



THE SENATE

Twenty-Third Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature P. O. Box 500129 Saipan, MP 96950

August 21, 2024

The Honorable Edmund S. Villagomez Speaker House of Representatives 23rd Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature Saipan, MP 96950

Dear Speaker Villagomez:

I have the honor of transmitting for your House action House Bill No. 23-50, entitled, "To remove marijuana from all pre-employment drug testing for government applicants with certain exception; and for other purposes." The Senate passed H.B. No. 23-50 by the unanimous vote, a quorum being present, in its 2nd Day, Fourth Regular Session on August 21, 2024.

Sincerely,

Dolores S. Bermudes

Senate Clerk

Attachment

Transmitted to HOUSE:

Date: 8/21/2014 Time: 2:33/

OFFICIAL SEAL

The Senate

NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE P.O. BOX 500129 SAIPAN, MP 96950

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 23-97

Date: July 8, 2024

RE: House Bill No. 23-50

Honorable Edith E. DeLeon Guerrero President of the Senate Twenty-Third Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature Saipan, MP 96950

Dear Madam President:

Your Committee on Judiciary, Government, and Law, to which was referred House Bill No. 23-50, entitled:

"To remove marijuana from all pre-employment drug testing for government applicants with certain exceptions; and for other purposes",

begs leave to report as follows:

I. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>:

After considerable discussion and deliberation, your Committee recommends the passage of House Bill No. 23-50 in its current form.

II. ANALYSIS:

A) Purpose:

The purpose of House Bill No. 23-50 is to remove marijuana from pre-employment drug testing of prospective employees or applicants by all government employers with certain exceptions.

B) Committee Findings:

Your Committee finds that the Taulamwaar Sensible CNMI Cannabis Act of 2018, as codified under 4 CMC § 53001 et seq., authorized the personal, medicinal, and commercial use of cannabis or marijuana in the Commonwealth. However, since the legalization of marijuana in the CNMI it was made apparent that the drug testing policies of the Commonwealth requires necessary revision to remove the testing for marijuana as a condition of employment.

Your Committee met on July 8, 2024 to formally discuss the proposed legislation, recognizing that the proposed legislation was previously introduced and passed in the Senate during the Twenty-Second Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature. Your Committee unanimously supports the intent of the proposed legislation to which no member objected to the passage of the proposed legislation. It is for these reasons that your Committee recommends the passage of House Bill No. 23-50 in its current form.

C) <u>Legislative History:</u>

House Bill No. 23-50 was formally introduced by Representatives Diego V.F. Camacho on May 10, 2023 and was subsequently referred to the House Standing Committee on Judiciary and Governmental Operations (JGO) for disposition. The House JGO Committee adopted the proposed legislation in its original form and reported its findings to the full body of the House of Representatives under House Standing Committee Report No. 23-33. On July 28, 2023, the House of Representatives passed House Bill No. 23-50, during its First Day, Fifth Special Session. House Bill No. 23-50 was transmitted to the Senate on July 31, 2023 and referred to the Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary, Government, and Law for disposition.

During the Twenty-Second Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature, a similar legislation, Senate Bill No. 22-01, was formally introduced by Senator Jude U. Hofschneider on January 12, 2021 and was subsequently referred to the Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary, Government, Law, and Federal Relations (JGLFR) for disposition. The Senate JGLFR Committee adopted the proposed legislation in the form of Senate Bill No. 22-01, Senate Draft I and reported its findings to the full body of the Senate, under Senate Standing Committee Report No. 22-23. On July 8, 2021, the Senate passed Senate Bill No. 22-01, Senate Draft I during its 1st Day, Second Special Session. Senate Bill No. 22-01, Senate Draft I was transmitted to the House of Representatives on July 12, 2021 and referred to the House Standing Committee on Judiciary and Governmental Operations for disposition. No further action was taken.

During the Twenty-First Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature, a similar legislation, Senate Bill No. 21-74 was formally introduced by Senator Jude U. Hofschneider on November 5, 2020, and was subsequently referred to the Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary, Government, Law and Federal Relations for disposition. However, no further action was taken.

D) Public Hearing and Comment:

- 1. <u>Public Hearing</u>. No public hearing was scheduled for House Bill No. 23-50. However, a Committee Meeting, which is open to the public, was held on July 8, 2024. See below for further details.
- 2. Committee Meeting. The proposed legislation made its first appearance during the scheduled committee meeting convened on July 8, 2024. The Committee Meeting notices and agenda, as amended, were officially posted on July 3, 2024 on various legislative forums and social media sites to invite members of the general public to provide comments as indicated under *Item No. IV. Public Comment* of the Committee Agenda.
- 3. Written Comment. Upon review of the comments from the Civil Service Commission attached to House Standing Committee Report No. 23-33 which is attached to this report for reference, your Committee agreed to not request for comments on the proposed legislation.

E) Estimated Fiscal Cost:

The enactment of House Bill No. 23-50 will not result in additional costs to the CNMI government as pre-employment drug testing is paid for by the prospective applicant.

F) Summary of Committee Amendments:

Your Committee made no amendments to the proposed legislation.

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>:

Your Committee agrees with the intent and purpose of the proposed legislation and recommends passage of House Bill No. 23-50 in its current form.

Respectfully submitted,

Senator Karl R. King-Nabors

Chairperson

Senator Francisco Q. Cruz

Member

Serator Dennis C. Mendiola

Vice Chairperson

Senator Jude U. Hofschneider

Member

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 23-RE: House Bill No. 23-50

Senator Corina L Magofna

Member

Senator Donald M. Manglona

Member

Reviewed by:

Senate Legal Counsel

Attachment(s):

1. House Standing Committee Report No. 23-33

TWENTY-THIRD NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 10, 2023

Second Special Session, 2023

H. B. 23-50

A BILL FOR AN ACT

To remove marijuana from all pre-employment drug testing for government applicants with certain exceptions; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE 23RD NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE:

1 Section 1. Findings and Purpose. The enactment of Public Law 20-66, the "Taulamwaar Sensible CNMI Cannabis Act of 2018", authorized personal, 2 medicinal, and commercial use of cannabis or marijuana in the CNMI provided that 3 such activity occurs pursuant the provisions set forth in the Act. However, Public 4 5 Law 20-66 did not change or amend the drug testing polices of the CNMI government, which still includes testing for marijuana as a condition of 6 employment. For example, see Title 120 (Office of Personnel Management) 7 NMIAC § 12-10-320(f)(1) (Pre-employment Testing) ("At the time of application, 8 persons applying for any position within the excepted service will be notified that 9 10 any offer of employment is contingent upon a negative urine test. After receiving an offer of employment, the candidate shall be tested for the presence of cocaine, 11 marijuana, opiates, amphetamines, and phencyclidine in the urine."). 12

The Legislature intended to regulate the use of marijuana similar to the use of alcohol. This approach should include the use of alcohol and marijuana at the workplace. Government employers do not prohibit employees or applicants from engaging in off-duty legalized alcohol use. Such employers should do the same with marijuana use.

All CNMI employers have adopted an Alcohol and Drug Free Workplace Policy that prohibits the use or possession of alcohol or illegal drugs as well as prohibits employees from being under the influence of alcohol and drugs at the workplace. These policies provide for alcohol and drug testing during employment in response to certain work-related behavior. However, alcohol is not included in the pre-employment drug testing for prospective employees or applicants.

Marijuana, which is no longer an illegal drug under CNMI law, should not be included in the pre-employment testing for prospective employees, except for certain employees including enforcement officers, firefighters, first responders, employees in safety sensitive positions, and federally funded employees. However, employees should still be subject to reasonable suspicion testing and post-accident testing to comply with the policy that employees shall not be under the influence of alcohol or drugs when at work. Moreover, employers have an obligation to provide a safe work environment and to protect all its employees from other employees who are under the influence of alcohol or drugs when at work.

1	The Legislature finds that other jurisdictions that have enacted legalized	
2	marijuana in their state or territory have also enacted laws prohibiting pre-	
3	employment testing for marijuana. These US states and municipalities include	
4	Maine, Nevada, City of Rochester (NY), City of Richmond (VA), New York City,	
5	and Washington, DC. There are several other state legislatures reviewing similar	
6	legislation to limit or prohibit pre-employment testing for marijuana. Accordingly,	
7	the purpose of this legislation is to remove marijuana from pre-employment drug	
8	testing of prospective employees or applicants by all government employers with	
9	certain exceptions.	
10	Section 2. Amendment. Title 1, Division 8, Part 5. Drug Testing of the	
11	Commonwealth Code is hereby amended by adding a new section 8603 to read as	
12	follows:	
13	"§ 8603. Exclusion of Drug Testing for Marijuana.	
14	(a) Pre-employment Testing. Except as otherwise provided in	
15	subsection (b), pre-employment testing of persons applying for any position	
16	within the government of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana	
17	Islands (CNMI) shall not include testing for the presence of marijuana, as	
18	defined in 4 CMC § 53005(u).	
19	(b) Exceptions. The provisions of subsection (a) shall not apply to	
20	pre-employment testing for the presence of marijuana in applicants for	
21	government jobs in safety sensitive positions, meaning jobs that involve	

1	activities which directly affect the safety of one or more persons, including
2	the operation of motor vehicles, heavy machinery, emergency services or
3	the carrying of firearms. Each department, entity or organization head, in
4	conjunction with the Director of Personnel Management, shall identify in
5	writing all positions that shall be considered safety-sensitive positions.
6	(c) Federal laws. This section does not preempt any federal laws
7	requiring an applicant to be tested for controlled substances, including
8	federal laws governing CNMI employees subject to federal funding, federal
9	benefits or a federal contract.
10	(d) Applicability. This section does not apply to any laws or policies
11	mandating any other type of testing, including random testing, suspicion
12	testing and post-accident testing.
13	(e) <u>Updating regulations and policies</u> . All government agencies shall
14	amend their regulations and policies to comply with this section before the
15	effective date of this law."
16	Section 3. Severability. If any provisions of this Act or the application of
17	any such provision to any person or circumstance should be held invalid by a court
18	of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Act or the application of its
19	provisions to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid
20	shall not be affected thereby.

1	Section 4. Savings Clause. This Act and any repealer contained herein		
2	shall not be construed as affecting any existing right acquired under contract or		
3	acquired under statutes repealed or under any rule, regulation, or order adopted		
4	under the statutes. Repealers contained in this Act shall not affect any proceeding		
5	instituted under or pursuant to prior law. The enactment of the Act shall not have		
6	the effect of terminating, or in any way modifying, any liability, civil or criminal,		
7	which shall already be in existence on the date this Act becomes effective.		
8	Section 5. Effective Date. This Act shall take effect 180 days after approval		
9	by the Governor or becoming law without such approval.		
	Prefiled: 5/5/2023		
	Date: Introduced by: /s/ Rep. Diego V.F. Camacho		
	/s/ Rep. Joel C. Camacho		
	/s/ Rep. Marissa R. Flores		
	/s/ Rep. Thomas J. DLC. Manglona /s/ Rep. Edwin K, Propst		
	/s/ Rep. John Paul P. Sablan		
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Reviewed for Legal Sufficiency by:			
	/s/ John M. Bradley		
	House Legal Counsel		

TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS

P.O. BOX 500586 SAIPAN, MP 96950

MARISSA R. FLORES
CHAIRWOMAN

A Justing - 7/29/2023 STANDING COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 29.39

DATE: JULY 24, 2023 RE: H.B. 23-50

The Honorable Edmund S. Villagomez Speaker of the House of Representatives Twenty-Third Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature Capitol Hill Saipan, MP 96950

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Your Committee on Judiciary and Governmental Operations to which was referred:

H. B. No. 23-50:

"To remove marijuana from all pre-employment drug testing for government applicants with certain exception; and for other purposes."

begs leave to report as follows:

I. RECOMMENDATION:

After considerable discussion, your Committee recommends that H. B. No. 23-50 be passed by the House in its current form.

RECEIVED BY STY 7/24/2003 TINE//:/80 RE: H.B Page 2

II. ANALYSIS:

A. Purpose:

The purpose of House Bill No. 23-50 is to remove marijuana from all pre-employment drug testing for government applicants with certain exception and for other purposes.

B. Committee Findings:

Your Committee finds that the "Taulamwaar Sensible CNMI Cannabis Act of 2018" (CNMI Public Law 20-66) authorized the personal, medicinal and commercial use of cannabis/marijuana. Despite the numerous provisions enacted, the specified public law did not remove marijuana from pre-employment drug testing. Cognizant of such circumstance and in line with the legalization of certain marijuana usage, your Committee finds that it would be highly appropriate to remove marijuana from pre-employment drug testing. Your Committee finds that it would be highly appropriate to regulate marijuana in the same manner as alcohol. When an employee is off-duty, they have the freedom to consume alcohol after working hours. Your Committee finds that it would be highly appropriate to afford our applicants and employees with the same freedom in allowing them use marijuana at appropriate times where their working abilities are not altered, especially after working hours.

Your Committee also finds certain cities and states, such as New York City, Philadelphia, Nevada, Michigan and so forth, have removed marijuana from pre-employment drug testing or have enacted laws that prevent employers from taking adverse action based on a positive pre-employment marijuana test result. ¹² Your Committee finds that it would be of great benefit to allow for the Commonwealth Government to abide by similar provisions. Cognizant that marijuana usage remains illegal under federal law, your Committee highly respects that the proposed legislation does not include employees whose salary are federally funded. Furthermore, your Committee also finds that certain employees, such as enforcement officers, firefighters, first responders, employees in safety sensitive position and federally funded employees are not included in the pre-employment drug testing exemption for Marijuana. These respective employees serve in critical positions that requires them to remain mentally focused and prepared for issues they are trained to address.

Therefore, your Committee agrees with the intent and purpose of House Bill No. 23-50 and recommends its passage in its current form.

https://www.shrm.org/resourcesandtools/legal-and-compliance/state-and-local-updates/pages/marijuana-laws-and-the-2022-workplace.aspx

https://www.fox2detroit.com/news/michigan-removing-marijuana-from-many-pre-employment-drug-tests-in-fall

C. Public Comments/Public Hearing:

The Committee received comments from the following:

• Raymond M. Muna, Chairperson, Civil Service Commission (Written)

The Chairperson supports the proposed legislation.

In addition, the Committee sought comments from the following agencies:

- The Office of the Attorney General;
- The Department of Labor;
- · Substance Abuse, Addiction and Rehabilitation (SAAR) Program; and
- Commonwealth Cannabis Commission.

To date, no comments were received from such agencies.

D. Legislative History:

House Bill No. 23-50 was introduced by Representative Diego V.F. Camacho on May 10, 2023 to the full body of the House and was referred to the House Standing Committee on Judiciary and Governmental Operations for disposition.

Another similar legislation, namely Senate Bill 22-01, was introduced on January 12, 2021 and was referred to the Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary, Government, Law and Federal Relations. In a meeting held on June 08, 2021, the specified Senate Standing Committee passed the proposed legislation in the form of Senate Bill No. 22-01, Senate Draft 1 as stated in Senate Standing Committee Report 22-23. On July 08, 2021, the Senate adopted Senate Standing Committee Report 22-23 and subsequently adopted Senate Bill No. 22-01, SD1. On July 09, 2021, the Senate transmitted the specified proposed legislation in the form of House Senate Communication 22-26. Soon after, Senate Bill No. 22-01, SD1 was referred to the House Standing Committee on Judiciary and Governmental Operations for disposition. However, no further action was taken.

Another similar legislation, namely Senate Bill 21-74, was introduced on November 05, 2020 and was referred to the Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary, Government, Law and Federal Relations. However, no further action was taken.

E. Cost Benefit:

The enactment of House Bill No. 23-50 will not result in additional costs to the CNMI government for pre-employment drug testing is paid for by the prospective applicant.

III. CONCLUSION:

The Committee is in accord with the intent and purpose of H. B. No. 23-50, and recommends its passage in its current form.

Respectfully submitted	
12m	1-7
Rep. Marissa R. Flores, Chairwoman	Rep. Joel C. Camacho, Vice Chair
Rep. Vincent R.S. Aldan, Member	Rep. Blas Jonathan "BJ" T. Attao, Member
Rep. Vicente C. Camacho, Member	Rep. Manny G.T. Castro, Member
Rep. Malcolm J. Omar, Member	Rep. Edwin K. Propst, Member

Reviewed by:

Rep. John Paul P. Sablan, Member

Attachment:

o Letter dated May 30, 2023 from the Chairperson of the Civil Service Commission.



COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

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May 26, 2023

OUT-2023-028

Marissa Flores
Chairwoman
Judiciary & Governmental Operations
23rd Commonwealth Legislature
Hon. Jesus P. Mafnas Memorial Bldg
P.O. Box 500586
Saipan, MP 96950
rep.floresm@cnmileg.net

Re: Request for Comments on HB 23-50

Dear Honorable Members of the Judiciary and Governmental Operations Committee,

On behalf of the Civil Service Commission ("Commission"), I would like to express my gratitude for the opportunity to provide our comments on House Bill 23-050, as indicated below:

To remove marijuana from all pre-employment drug testing for government applicants with certain exceptions; and for other purposes.

The Commission fully supports the objectives outlined in this bill and is actively engaged in amending our existing regulations to align with its provisions. The proposed amendments will eliminate the requirement for pre-employment marijuana testing for government applicants, with the exception of certain individuals, such as enforcement officers, firefighters, first responders, employees in safety sensitive positions, and federally funded employees.

However, in accordance with PL 17-80, §8116, the Commission is committed to conducting a thorough review of the Personnel Service System Rules and Regulations, particularly with regard to §10-20.2-424 Testing Occasions. The proposed regulatory amendments will ensure that our principles are upheld while relieving government applicants from mandatory marijuana testing, except for those in positions that are explicitly identified in the bill.

The Commission highly values the legislator's concerns and extends an invitation to the esteemed members of the legislature for constructive dialogue regarding any present or future

Request for Comments on HB 23-50

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issues affecting civil service employees and excepted service employees. We firmly believe that open and healthy discussions are crucial for effectively addressing the evolving needs of our workforce.

Furthermore, I would like to emphasize that the Commission remains committed to fostering a safe and productive work environment that is free from alcohol and drug-related issues. While we support the removal of marijuana testing for most government applicants, we recognize the importance of maintaining a workplace that promotes good health and responsible behavior. Our existing policies and programs will continue to prioritize the well-being of our employees, including initiatives aimed at preventing substance abuse.

Thank you once again for considering our perspective on House Bill 23-050. We appreciate your dedication to ensuring the welfare of civil service employees and look forward to engaging in meaningful discussions as we work together to shape the future of our workforce.

Sincerely,

Raymond M. Muña

Chairperson, Civil Service Commission