TWENTY-SECOND NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Session, 2021	Н. В. 22-		

A BILL FOR AN ACT

To enact a whistleblower protection provision for Commonwealth government employees reporting on prohibited personnel practices; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE 22ND NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE:

Section 1. Short Title. This Act shall be cited as the "Commonwealth-Wide 1 2 Whistleblower Protection Act of 2021". 3 Section 2. Findings and Purpose. The Legislature finds that within many organizations throughout the United States, including the CNMI, the occurrence of 4 illegal and/or unethical activities has been observed. Despite such occurrences, 5 6 there are certain courageous individuals, commonly known as "whistleblowers," who are unwilling to allow such activities to prevail. These individuals are led to 7 take a firm stance against these actions and disclose them to the appropriate law 8 enforcement agencies and entities. Cognizant of the probable threats and/or 9 intimidation tactics the "whistleblowers" may face, it is imperative to provide them 10

1 with protection measures that will protect them against any and all possible illintended retaliation from other employees who do not share their conscience. 2 3 The Legislature also finds that pursuant to 1 CMC §7841, the Public Auditor 4 may receive complaints or information concerning any activity constituting fraud, 5 waste, or abuse in collection and expenditure of public funds. This statute was 6 initially enacted by CNMI Public Law 3-91 and amended by CNMI Public Law 14-7 60, which provided a compensation incentive for individuals who provide such 8 disclosures. The Legislature also finds that there are other non-financial activities 9 that constitute unethical and/or illegal activity. Cognizant of the extended period of 10 time that has elapsed since the initial enactment of the whistleblowing statute, the 11 Legislature finds that there is a need to enact a provision that will provide 12 whistleblowing protections for disclosures of all unethical and/or illegal activities, 13 including both financial and non-financial matters. In doing so, whistleblower 14 protections can be provided to all those who disclose certain illegal and/or unethical 15 activities, financial or non-financial. 16 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to enact a whistleblower protection 17 provision for Commonwealth employees reporting prohibited personnel practices 18 and for other purposes. 19 Section 3. Enactment. Notwithstanding any laws or regulations to the 20 contrary and subject to proper codification by the CNMI Law Revision 21 Commission, the following new provision is hereby enacted:

1	"§ 101. Prohibited Personnel Practices.
2	(a)(1) For the purpose of this title, "prohibited personnel practice" means any action
3	described in subsection (b).
4	(2) For the purpose of this section-
5	(A) "personnel action" means-
6	(i) an appointment;
7	(ii) a promotion;
8	(iii) a disciplinary or corrective action;
9	(iv) a detail, transfer, or reassignment;
10	(v) a reinstatement;
11	(vi) a restoration;
12	(vii) a reemployment;
13	(viii) a performance evaluation;
14	(ix) a decision concerning pay, benefits, or awards, or
15	concerning education or training if the education or training
16	may reasonably be expected to lead to an appointment,
17	promotion, performance evaluation, or other action described
18	in this subparagraph;
19	(x) a decision to order psychiatric testing or examination;
20	(xi) the implementation or enforcement of any nondisclosure
21	policy form or agreement; and

1	(xii) any other significant change in duties, responsibilities, or
2	working conditions;
3	with respect to an employee in, or applicant for, a position in an
4	agency;
5	(B) "agency" means any entity of the Commonwealth government;
6	(C) "disability" means, with respect to an individual—
7	(i) a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or
8	more major life activities of such individual;
9	(ii) a record of such an impairment; or
10	(iii) regarded as having such an impairment;
11	(D) "disclosure" means a formal or informal communication or
12	transmission, but does not include a communication concerning policy
13	decisions that lawfully exercise discretionary authority unless the employee
14	or applicant providing the disclosure reasonably believes that the disclosure
15	evidences-
16	(i) any violation of any law, rule, or regulation; or
17	(ii) gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of
18	authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or
19	safety.
20	(E) "relative" means, with respect to an individual, a person who is related
21	to the individual as father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt,

1	first cousin, nephew (son of brother or sister), niece (daughter of brother or
2	sister), husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-
3	in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson,
4	stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister.
5	(b) Any employee who has authority to take, direct others to take, recommend, or
6	approve any personnel action, shall not, with respect to such authority-
7	(1) discriminate for or against any employee or applicant for
8	employment-
9	(A) on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin;
0	(B) on the basis of age;
1	(C) on the basis of sex;
2	(D) on the basis of disability; or
3	(E) on the basis of marital status or political affiliation, as
4	prohibited under any law, rule, or regulation;
5	(2) solicit or consider any recommendation or statement, oral or
6	written, with respect to any individual who requests or is under
7	consideration for any personnel action unless such recommendation
8	or statement is based on the personal knowledge or records of the
9	person furnishing it and consists of-
20	(A) an evaluation of the work performance, ability, aptitude, or
21	general qualifications of such individual; or

1	(B) an evaluation of the character, loyalty, or suitability of such
2	individual;
3	(3) coerce the political activity of any person (including the providing
4	of any political contribution or service), or take any action against any
5	employee or applicant for employment as a reprisal for the refusal of
6	any person to engage in such political activity;
7	(4) deceive or willfully obstruct any person with respect to such
8	person's right to compete for employment;
9	(5) influence any person to withdraw from competition for any
0	position for the purpose of improving or injuring the prospects of any
1	other person for employment;
2	(6) grant any preference or advantage not authorized by law, rule, or
3	regulation to any employee or applicant for employment (including
4	defining the scope or manner of competition or the requirements for
5	any position) for the purpose of improving or injuring the prospects
6	of any particular person for employment;
7	(7) appoint, employ, promote, advance, or advocate for appointment,
8	employment, promotion, or advancement, in or to a civilian position
9	any individual who is a relative of such employee if such position is
0	in the agency in which such employee is serving as a public official

1	or over which such employee exercises jurisdiction or control as such
2	an official;
3	(8) take or fail to take, or threaten to take or fail to take, a personnel
4	action with respect to any employee or applicant for employment
5	because of-
6	(A) any disclosure of information by an employee or applicant
7	which the employee or applicant reasonably believes evidences-
8	(i) any violation of any law, rule, or regulation, or
9	(ii) gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse
.0	of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public
1	health or safety,
2	if such disclosure is not specifically prohibited by law;
3	(B) any disclosure to the Attorney General, or to the Office of the
4	Public Auditor to receive such disclosures, of information which
5	the employee or applicant reasonably believes evidences-
6	(i) any violation (other than a violation of this section) of any
7	law, rule, or regulation, or
8	(ii) gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse
9	of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public
20	health or safety; or

1	(C) any disclosure to the Legislature (including any
2	committee of the Legislature) by any employee of an agency or
3	applicant for employment at an agency of information described
4	in subparagraph (B).
5	(9) take or fail to take, or threaten to take or fail to take, any personnel
6	action against any employee or applicant for employment because of-
7	(A) the exercise of any appeal, complaint, or grievance right
8	granted by any law, rule, or regulation-
9	(i) with regard to remedying a violation of paragraph (8); or
10	(ii) other than with regard to remedying a violation of
11	paragraph (8);
12	(B) testifying for or otherwise lawfully assisting any individual
13	in the exercise of any right referred to in subparagraph (A)(i) or
14	(ii);
15	(C) cooperating with or disclosing information to the Public
16	Auditor (or any other component responsible for internal
17	investigation or review) of an agency, or Attorney General, in
18	accordance with applicable provisions of law; or
19	(D) refusing to obey an order that would require the individual to
20	violate a law, rule, or regulation;

1	(10) discriminate for or against any employee or applicant for
2	employment on the basis of conduct which does not adversely affect
3	the performance of the employee or applicant or the performance of
4	others; except that nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit an agency
5	from taking into account in determining suitability or fitness any
6	conviction of the employee or applicant for any crime under the laws
7	of the Commonwealth;
8	(11) take or fail to take any other personnel action if the taking of or
9	failure to take such action violates any law, rule, or regulation
0	implementing, or directly concerning, the respective merit system
1	principles;
2	(12) implement or enforce any nondisclosure policy, form, or
3	agreement, if such policy, form, or agreement-
4	(A) does not contain the following statement: "These provisions
5	are consistent with and do not supersede, conflict with, or
.6	otherwise alter the employee obligations, rights, or liabilities
7	created by existing statute or Executive order relating to (1)
8	communications to the Legislature, (2) the reporting to Attorney
19	General or the Office of the Public Auditor of a violation of any
20	law, rule, or regulation, or mismanagement, a gross waste of
21	funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger

1	to public health or safety, or (3) any other whistleblower
2	protection. The definitions, requirements, obligations, rights,
3	sanctions, and liabilities created by controlling Executive orders
4	and statutory provisions are incorporated into this agreement and
5	are controlling."; or
6	(B) prohibits or restricts an employee or applicant for
7	employment from disclosing to the Legislature, the Office of the
8	Public Auditor, the Attorney General, or any other agency
9	component responsible for internal investigation or review any
0	information that relates to any violation of any law, rule, or
1	regulation, or mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse
2	of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health
.3	or safety, or any other whistleblower protection; or
4	(13) access the medical record of another employee or an applicant
5	for employment as a part of, or otherwise in furtherance of, any
6	conduct described in paragraphs (1) through (12).
7	This subsection shall not be construed to authorize the withholding of
8	information from the Legislature or the taking of any personnel action
9	against an employee who discloses information to the Legislature. For
20	purposes of paragraph (8), (i) any presumption relating to the performance
21	of a duty by an employee whose conduct is the subject of a disclosure as

1	defined under subsection (a)(2)(D) may be rebutted by substantial evidence,
2	and (ii) a determination as to whether an employee or applicant reasonably
3	believes that such employee or applicant has disclosed information that
4	evidences any violation of law, rule, regulation, gross mismanagement, a
5	gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific
6	danger to public health or safety shall be made by determining whether a
7	disinterested observer with knowledge of the essential facts known to and
8	readily ascertainable by the employee or applicant could reasonably
9	conclude that the actions of the Government evidence such violations,
10	mismanagement, waste, abuse, or danger.
11	(c)(1) In this subsection-
12	(A) the term "new employee" means an individual-
13	(i) appointed to a position as an employee on or after the date of
14	enactment of this subsection; and
15	(ii) who has not previously served as an employee; and
16	(B) the term "whistleblower protections" means the protections against and
17	remedies for a prohibited personnel practice described in paragraph (b)(8)
18	or in subparagraphs (b)(9)(A)(i), (B), (C), or (D).
19	(2) The head of each agency shall be responsible for-
20	(A) preventing prohibited personnel practices;

1	(B) complying with and enforcing applicable civil service laws, rules,
2	and regulations and other aspects of personnel management; and
3	(C) ensuring, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Office
4	of the Public Auditor, that employees of the agency are informed of the
5	rights and remedies available to under this section, including-
6	(i) information with respect to whistleblower protections available
7	to new employees during a probationary period; and
8	(ii) the role of the Attorney General with respect to whistleblower
9	protections.
10	(3) The head of each agency shall ensure that the information described in
11	paragraph (2) is provided to each new employee of the agency not later than
12	180 days after the date on which the new employee is appointed.
13	(4) The head of each agency shall make available information regarding
14	whistleblower protections applicable to employees of the agency on the
15	public website of the agency and on any online portal that is made available
16	only to employees of the agency, if such portal exists.
17	(5) Any employee to whom the head of an agency delegates authority for
18	any aspect of personnel management shall, within the limits of the scope of
19	the delegation, be responsible for the activities described in paragraph (2).
20	(d) This section shall not be construed to extinguish or lessen any effort to
21	achieve equal employment opportunity through affirmative action or any

1	right or remedy available to any employee or applicant for employment in
2	the civil service under applicable laws-
3	(1) prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex,
4	or national origin;
5	(2) prohibiting discrimination on the basis of age;
6	(3) prohibiting discrimination on the basis of sex;
7	(4) prohibiting discrimination on the basis of disability; or
8	(5) the provisions of any law, rule, or regulation prohibiting
9	discrimination on the basis of marital status or political affiliation.
10	(f)(1) A disclosure shall not be excluded from subsection (b)(8) because-
11	(A) the disclosure was made to a supervisor or to a person who
12	participated in an activity that the employee or applicant reasonably
13	believed to be covered by subsection (b)(8)(A)(i) and (ii);
14	(B) the disclosure revealed information that had been previously
15	disclosed;
16	(C) of the employee's or applicant's motive for making the disclosure;
17	(D) the disclosure was not made in writing;
18	(E) the disclosure was made while the employee was off duty;
19	(F) the disclosure was made before the date on which the individual
20	was appointed or applied for appointment to a position; or

1	(G) of the amount of time which has passed since the occurrence of the
2	events described in the disclosure.
3	(2) If a disclosure is made during the normal course of duties of an
4	employee, the principal job function of whom is to regularly investigate and
5	disclose wrongdoing (referred to in this paragraph as the "disclosing
6	employee"), the disclosure shall not be excluded from subsection (b)(8) if
7	the disclosing employee demonstrates that an employee who has the
8	authority to take, direct other individuals to take, recommend, or approve
9	any personnel action with respect to the disclosing employee took, failed to
0	take, or threatened to take or fail to take a personnel action with respect to
1	the disclosing employee in reprisal for the disclosure made by the disclosing
2	employee.
.3	§ 102. Penalties.
4	Any person in violation of §101 shall be liable to the Commonwealth
1.5	government for a civil penalty ranging from \$1,000 to \$10,000.
6	Furthermore, if a person is found guilty of such violation, such person's
7	employment shall be terminated immediately.
8	§ 103. Whistleblower Awards to Individuals Who Report
9	Underpayments of Taxes Levied Under the Laws of the
20	Commonwealth.

(a) The Division of Revenue and Taxation, under regulations prescribed by the Department of Finance, is authorized to pay, from the monies appropriated to the Division of Revenue and Taxation in any fiscal year, such sums as necessary for: (1) detecting underpayments of tax levied under the laws enacted in the Commonwealth, or (2) detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the tax laws enacted in the Commonwealth or conniving at the same, in cases where such expenses are not otherwise provided for by law. Any amount payable under the preceding sentence shall be paid from the proceeds of amounts collected by reason of the information provided, and any amount so collected shall be available for such payments.

(b) Awards to Whistleblowers.

(1) If the Division proceeds with any administrative or judicial action described in Subsection (a) based on information brought to the Division's attention by an individual, such individual shall, subject to Paragraph (2), receive as an award at least fifteen percent (15%), but not more than thirty percent (30%), of the collected proceeds (including penalties, interest, additions to tax, and additional amounts) resulting from the action (including any related actions) or from any settlement in response to such action. The determination of the amount of such award by the Division of Revenue and Taxation shall depend

1 upon the extent to which the individual substantially contributed to such action within the ranges as prescribed in this Section. 2 (2) Award in Case of Less Substantial Contribution. (A) In the event 3 the action described in Paragraph (1) is one which the Division 4 5 determines to be based principally on disclosures of specific 6 allegations (other than information provided by the individual 7 described in Paragraph (1)) resulting from a judicial or administrative 8 hearing, from a governmental report, hearing, audit, or investigation, 9 or from the news media, the Division may award such sums as it considers appropriate, but in no case more than ten percent (10%) of 10 11 the collected proceeds (including penalties, interest, additions to tax, and additional amounts) resulting from the action (including any 12 13 related actions) or from any settlement in response to such action, 14 taking into account the significance of the individual's information 15 and the role of such individual and any legal representative of such 16 individual in contributing to such action. (B) Nonapplication of 17 Paragraph Where Individual is Original Source of Information. Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the information resulting in the 18 19 initiation of the action described in Paragraph (1) was originally 20 provided by the individual described in Paragraph (1).

(3) Reduction in or Denial of Award. If the Tax Enforcement Division
determines that the claim for an award under Paragraph (1) or (2) is
brought by an individual who planned and initiated the actions that led
to the underpayment of tax or actions described in Subsection (a)(2),
then the Division may appropriately reduce such award. If such
individual is convicted of criminal conduct arising from the role
described in the preceding sentence, the Division shall deny any
award.
(4) Appeal of Award Determination. Any determination regarding an
award under Paragraph (1), (2), or (3) may, within thirty (30) days of
such determination, be appealed to the CNMI Judiciary (and the
CNMI Judiciary shall have jurisdiction with respect to such matter).
(5) Application of this Subsection. This Subsection shall apply with
respect to any action: (A) against any taxpayer, but in the case of any
individual, only if such individual's gross income exceeds Two
Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000) for any taxable year subject to
such action, and (B) if the tax, penalties, interest, additions to tax, and
additional amounts in dispute exceed Two Million Dollars
(\$2,000,000).
(6) Additional rules. (A) No Contract Necessary. No contract with the
Division of Revenue and Taxation is necessary for any individual to

1	receive an award under this Subsection. (B) Representation. Any
2	individual described in Paragraph (1) or (2) may be represented by
3	counsel. (C) Submission of Information. No award may be made under
4	this Subsection based on information submitted to the Division unless
5	such information is submitted under penalty of perjury.
6	(7) If the government of the Commonwealth elects not to proceed with
7	the action, the Division shall award not less than thirty percent (30%)
8	of the collected proceeds (including penalties, interest, additions to
9	tax, and additional amounts) resulting from the action (including any
10	related actions) or from any settlement in response to such action. Such
11	person shall also receive an amount for reasonable expenses which the
12	court finds to have been necessarily incurred, plus reasonable
13	attorneys' fees and costs. All such expenses, fees, and costs shall be
14	awarded against the defendant.
15	Section 4. Amending 1 CMC § 7841.
16	1 CMC § 7841 is amended to add the following subsection:
17	(e) The Division of Revenue and Taxation is authorized to pay monies from the
18	sums appropriated to it in a given fiscal year to comply with subsection (d) of this
19	section. The Department of Finance shall promulgate regulations to establish the
20	procedure for such payment, which shall be made within six months of the

information being brought forward.

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Section 5. Severability. If any provisions of this Act or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance should be held invalid by a court 2 3 of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Act or the application of its 4 provisions to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid 5 shall not be affected thereby. Section 6. Savings Clause. This Act and any repealer contained herein 6 shall not be construed as affecting any existing right acquired under contract or 7 acquired under statutes repealed or under any rule, regulation, or order adopted 8 9 under the statutes. Repealers contained in this Act shall not affect any proceeding 10 instituted under or pursuant to prior law. The enactment of the Act shall not have the effect of terminating, or in any way modifying, any liability, civil or criminal, 11 12 which shall already be in existence on the date this Act becomes effective. 13 Section 7. Effective Date. This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the Governor, or its becoming law without such approval. 14

Prefiled: 10/25/7011

Date: /1/25/2021

Introduced by:

Rep. Leila H.F.C. Staffler

Reviewed for Legal Sufficiency by

House Legal Coursel

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