NINETEENTH NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE



REGULAR SESSION, 2015

S. B. NO. 19-06

A BILL FOR AN ACT

To legalize the use of medicinal marijuana in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands and to amend 6 CMC Section 2114 (c)(13) and (20) to allow for the re-scheduling of marijuana; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE NINETEENTH NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE:

Section 1. Findings and Purpose. The Commonwealth Legislature finds that the legalization of marijuana has become a much less controversial issue than it did in the past. With Colorado and Washington recently legalizing marijuana to allow recreational use, the CNMI must realize that the time has come to legalize the use and possession of marijuana strictly for medicinal purposes, and to remove any and all associated penalties pertaining to the medicinal use and medical prescription of marijuana. This Legislative body in no way condones the use of marijuana abuse or the use of the substance without a valid prescription. However, the Commonwealth Legislature no longer believes that medicinal marijuana should be prohibited when it can be beneficial to an individual as determined by a licensed physician.

The purpose of this Act is intended to find alternative means to help alleviate those suffering from debilitating medical conditions. Currently, there are now 24 states in the U.S. that have enacted laws to legalize marijuana with the newly added addition of Guam. With the current rise in debilitating medical conditions, and the alarming number of cancer cases in the CNMI, we now face the dilemma of having to send our patients abroad for medical treatment when the use of marijuana as a medical means is a doorstep legislation away. Additionally, proponents who find marijuana to be helpful are forced to do one of two things: live and suffer without marijuana or illegally obtain it at the risk of arrest and usually at a cost that reflects its illegal status. Therefore, the Commonwealth

2	the community and hereby permit the use of medical marijuana as set forth herein—and
3	hereby move it from the list of Schedule 1 controlled substances to Schedule 3. All
4	penalties and provisions currently in place that prohibit the use and possession of
5	marijuana without a prescription remain in full effect.
6	Section 2. Enactment. The following is hereby enacted subject to the
7	codification by the Law Revision Commission.
8	"Section 101. Short Title. This chapter may be cited as the Legalization of
9	Medicinal Marijuana Act of 2015.
10	Section 102. <u>Definitions</u> . As used in this Act:
11	(A) "Adequate supply" means an amount of cannabis, in any form approved by
12	the Corporation, possessed by a qualified patient or collectively possessed by a qualified
13	patient and the qualified patient's primary caregiver that is determined by rule of the
14	Corporation to be no more than reasonably necessary to ensure the uninterrupted
15	availability of cannabis for a period of three (3) months and that is derived solely from an
16	intrastate source.
17	(B) "Cannabis" means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis, whether
18	growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every
19	compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or
20	its resin, including marijuana concentrate. "Cannabis" does not include the mature stalks
21	of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant,
22	sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination, or the weight of any other
23	ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food,
24	drink, or other products.
25	(C) "Debilitating medical condition" means:
26	(1) cancer;
27	(2) glaucoma;
28	(3) multiple sclerosis;

Legislature further finds that the use of medical marijuana would be highly beneficial to

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1	(4) damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord, with objective
2	neurological indication of intractable spasticity;
3	(5) epilepsy;
4	(6) positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired immune
5	deficiency syndrome;
6	(7) admitted into hospice care in accordance with rules promulgated under
7	this Act;
8	(8) post-traumatic stress disorder;
9	(9) rheumatoid arthritis or similar chronic autoimmune inflammatory
10	disorders; or
11	(10) any other medical condition, medical treatment or disease as
12	approved by the Department;
13	(D) "Corporation" means the Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation.
14	(E) "Homegrown cultivation registration" means a registration issued to qualified
15	patients or their personal caregivers under the terms of Section 107 of this Act.
16	(F) "Hospice care" means palliative care for the terminally and seriously ill
17	provided in a hospital, nursing home, or private residence.
18	(G) "Licensed producer" means any person or association of persons within the
19	CNMI that the Corporation determines to be qualified to produce, possess, distribute and
20	dispense cannabis pursuant to this Act and that is licensed by the Corporation.
21	(H) "Medical use" means the acquisition, cultivation, possession, processing,
22	(including development of related products such as food, tinctures, aerosols, oils, or
23	ointments), transfer, transportation, sale, distribution, dispensing, or administration of
24	cannabis, as well as the possession of cannabis paraphernalia, for the benefit of
25	qualifying patients in the treatment of debilitating medical conditions, or the symptoms
26	thereof.
27	(I) "Practitioner" means a person licensed in the CNMI to prescribe and
28	administer drugs that are subject to the Commonwealth Controlled Substances Act.

1	(J) "Primary caregiver" means a resident of the CNMI who is at least eighteen
2	(18) years of age and who has been designated by the qualified patient as being necessary
3	to assist the patient in the medical use of cannabis in accordance with the provisions of
4	this Act, and who so agrees to assist the patient. Primary caregivers are prohibited from
5	consuming cannabis obtained for the personal, medical use of the qualified patient.
6	(K) "Qualified patient" means a resident of the CNMI who has been diagnosed by
7	a practitioner as having a debilitating medical condition and has received written
8	certification and a registry identification card issued pursuant to this Act.
9	(L) "Written certification" means a statement in a patient's medical records or a
10	statement signed by a patient's practitioner that, in the practitioner's professional opinion,
11	the patient has a debilitating medical condition and the practitioner believes that the
12	potential health benefits of the medical use of cannabis would likely outweigh the health
13	risks for the patient. A written certification is not valid for more than one (1) year from
14	the date of issuance.
15	Section 103. Exemptions from Criminal and Civil Penalties for the Medical use of
16	Cannabis.
17	(A) A qualified patient shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty in
18	any manner for the possession of or the medical use of cannabis if the quantity of
19	cannabis does not exceed an adequate supply.
20	(B) A qualified patient's primary caregiver shall not be subject to arrest,
21	prosecution or penalty in any manner for the possession of cannabis for medical use by
22	the qualified patient if the quantity of cannabis does not exceed an adequate supply.
23	(C) Subsection A of this section shall not apply to a qualified patient under the
24	age of eighteen years, unless:
25	(1) the qualified patient's practitioner has explained the potential risks and
26	benefits of the medical use of cannabis to the qualified patient and to a
27	parent, guardian or person having legal custody of the qualified patient;
28	and

1	(2) a parent, guardian or person having legal custody consents in writing
2	to:
3	(a) allow the qualified patient's medical use of cannabis;
4	(b) serve as the qualified patient's primary caregiver; and
5	(c) control the dosage and the frequency of the medical use of
6	cannabis by the qualified patient.
7	(D) A qualified patient or a primary caregiver shall be granted the full legal
8	protections provided in this section if the patient or caregiver is in possession of a registry
9	identification card.
10	(E) A qualified patient who fails to register and receive a registry identification
11	card from the Corporation but who nevertheless has received a written certification from
12	their physician for the medical use of cannabis may be subject to arrest or prosecution but
13	may raise an affirmative defense at trial.
14	(F) A practitioner shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any
15	manner or denied any right or privilege for recommending the medical use of cannabis or
16	providing written certification for the medical use of cannabis pursuant to this Act.
17	(G) A licensed producer shall not be subject to arrest, prosecution or penalty, in
18	any manner, for the production, possession, distribution or dispensing of cannabis in
19	compliance with this Act.
20	(H) Any property interest that is possessed, owned or used in connection with the
21	medical use of cannabis, or acts incidental to such use, shall not be harmed, injured or
22	destroyed while in the possession of law enforcement officials. Any such property
23	interest shall not be forfeited under any Commonwealth law providing for the forfeiture
24	of property except as provided in 6 CMC Section 2150. Cannabis, paraphernalia or other
25	property seized from a qualified patient or primary caregiver in connection with the
26	claimed medical use of cannabis shall be returned immediately upon the determination by
27	a court or prosecutor that the qualified patient or primary caregiver is entitled to the

1	protections of the provisions of this Act, as may be evidenced by a failure to actively
2	investigate the case, a decision not to prosecute, the dismissal of charges or acquittal.
3	(I) A person shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution for a cannabis-related
4	offense for simply being in the presence of the medical use of cannabis as permitted
5	under the provisions of this Act.
6	(J) A person shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution for a cannabis-related
7	offense for simply allowing one's property to be used by qualified patients or their
8	primary caregivers for the homegrown cultivation of cannabis to the extent permitted
9	under Section 8 of this Act.
10	Section 104. Prohibitions, Restrictions and Limitations on the Medical Use of
11	Cannabis—Criminal Penalties.
12	(A) Participation in the medical use of cannabis by a qualified patient or primary
13	caregiver does not relieve the qualified patient or primary caregiver from:
14	(1) criminal prosecution or civil penalties for activities not permitted by
15	this Act;
16	(2) liability for damages or criminal prosecution arising out of the
17	operation of a vehicle while under the influence of cannabis; or
18	(3) criminal prosecution or civil penalty for possession or use of cannabis:
19	(a) in a school bus or public vehicle;
20	(b) on school grounds or property;
21	(c) in the workplace of the qualified patient's or primary
22	caregiver's employment; or
23	(d) at a public park, recreation center, youth center or other public
24	place.
25	(B) A person who makes a fraudulent representation to a law enforcement officer
26	about the person's participation in a medical use of cannabis program to avoid arrest or
27	prosecution for a cannabis-related offense is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.

1 (C) If a licensed producer sells, distributes, dispenses or transfers cannabis to a 2 person not permitted to participate in the medical use of cannabis under this Act, or 3 obtains or transports cannabis outside the CNMI in violation of federal law, the licensed 4 producer shall be subject to arrest, prosecution and civil or criminal penalties in 5 accordance with CNMI law. Section 105. Medicinal Marijuana Advisory Board Created—Duties. 6 Within 7 sixty (60) days after enactment of this Act, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Corporation shall establish a medicinal marijuana advisory board consisting of seven (7) 8 9 members, six (6) of which shall be practitioners representing the fields of neurology, pain management, medical oncology, psychiatry, infectious disease, family medicine or 10 11 related field, and one (1) of which shall be a member of the public at large. The 12 practitioners shall be board-certified in their area of specialty and knowledgeable about 13 the medical use of cannabis. The members shall be chosen for appointment by the CEO from a list proposed by the CNMI Health Professional Licensing Board. Said list shall be 14 15 submitted by the CNMI Health Professional Licensing Board to the Corporation within 16 thirty (30) days of enactment of this Act. A quorum of the advisory board shall consist of 17 three (3) members. The advisory board *shall*: 18 (A) review and recommend to the Corporation for approval additional debilitating medical conditions that would benefit from the medical use of cannabis; 19 20 (B) accept and review petitions to add medical conditions, medical treatments or 21 diseases to the list of debilitating medical conditions that qualify for the medical use of cannabis; 22 23 (C) convene at least twice per year to conduct public hearings and to evaluate 24 petitions, which shall be maintained as confidential personal health 25 information, to add medical conditions, medical treatments or diseases to the 26 list of debilitating medical conditions that qualify for the medical use of 27 cannabis; and 28 (D) recommend quantities of cannabis that are necessary to constitute an adequate

1	supply for qualified patients and primary caregivers.
2	Section 106. Corporation Rules; Registry Identification Cards.
3	(A) No later than nine (9) months after enactment of this Act, and after
4	consultation with the advisory board, the Corporation shall promulgate rules in
5	accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, 1 CMC § 9101 et seq., to implement
6	the purpose of this Act. The rules shall:
7	(1) govern the manner in which the Corporation will consider applications
8	for registry identification cards and for the renewal of identification cards
9	for qualified patients and primary caregivers;
10	(2) define the amount of cannabis that is necessary to constitute an
11	adequate supply, including amounts for topical treatments;
12	(3) identify criteria and set forth procedures for including additional
13	medical conditions, medical treatments or diseases to the list of
14	debilitating medical conditions that qualify for the medical use of
15	cannabis. Procedures shall include a petition process and shall allow for
16	public comment and public hearings before the advisory board;
17	(4) set forth additional medical conditions, medical treatments or diseases
18	to the list of debilitating medical conditions that qualify for the medical
19	use of cannabis as recommended by the advisory board;
20	(5) identify requirements for the licensure of producers and cannabis
21	production facilities and set forth procedures to obtain licenses;
22	(6) develop a distribution system for medical cannabis that provides for:
23	(a) cannabis production facilities within the CNMI housed on
24	secured grounds and operated by licensed producers; and
25	(b) distribution of medical cannabis to qualified patients or their
26	primary caregivers to take place at locations that are designated by
27	the Corporation and that are not within one thousand (1,000) feet
28	of any school, church or daycare center;

1	(7) determine additional duties and responsibilities of the advisory board;
2	(8) be revised and updated as necessary; and
3	(9) set application fees for registry identification cards so as to defray the
4	administrative costs of implementing this Act.
5	(B) The Corporation shall issue registry identification cards to a patient and to
6	the primary caregiver for that patient, if any, who submit the following, in accordance
7	with the Corporation's rules:
8	(1) a written certification;
9	(2) the name, address and date of birth of the patient;
10	(3) the name, address and telephone number of the patient's practitioner;
11	and
12	(4) the name, address and date of birth of the patient's primary caregiver, if
13	any.
14	(C) The Corporation shall verify the information contained in an application
15	submitted pursuant to Subsection B of this section and shall approve or deny an
16	application within thirty days of receipt. The Corporation may deny an application only
17	if the applicant did not provide the information required pursuant to Subsection B of this
18	section or if the Corporation determines that the information provided is false. A person
19	whose application has been denied shall not reapply for six (6) months from the date of
20	the denial unless otherwise authorized by the Corporation.
21	(D) The Corporation shall issue a registry identification card within five (5) days
22	of approving an application, and a card shall expire one year after the date of issuance. A
23	registry identification card shall contain:
24	(1) the name, address and date of birth of the qualified patient and primary
25	caregiver, if any;
26	(2) the date of issuance and expiration date of the registry identification
27	card; and
28	(3) other information that the Corporation may require by rule.

1	(E) A person who possesses a registry identification card shall notify the
2	Corporation of any change in the person's name, address, qualified patient's practitioner,
3	qualified patient's primary caregiver or change in status of the qualified patient's
4	debilitating medical condition within ten (10) days of the change.
5	(F) Possession of or application for a registry identification card shall not
6	constitute probable cause or give rise to reasonable suspicion for a governmental agency
7	to search the person or property of the person possessing or applying for the card.
8	(G) The Corporation shall maintain a confidential file containing the names and
9	addresses of the persons who have either applied for or received a registry identification
10	card. Individual names on the list shall be confidential and not subject to disclosure,
11	except:
12	(1) to authorized employees or agents of the Corporation as necessary to
13	perform the duties of the Corporation pursuant to the provisions of this
14	Act;
15	(2) to authorized employees of Commonwealth law enforcement agencies,
16	but only for the purpose of verifying that a person is lawfully in
17	possession of a registry identification card; or
18	(3) as provided in the federal Health Insurance Portability and
19	Accountability Act of 1996, codified at 42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq.
20	Section 107. <u>Homegrown Cultivation Registrations</u> . If after nine (9) months after
21	enactment of this Act, the Corporation has failed to promulgate rules as mandated under
22	Section 7 of this Act for the production and distribution of medical cannabis, the
23	Corporation shall issue a homegrown cultivation registration to a qualifying patient
24	allowing the patient or the patient's personal caregiver to cultivate a limited number of
25	plants, sufficient to maintain an adequate supply of cannabis, and shall require cultivation
26	and storage only in an enclosed, locked facility. Until the Corporation promulgates said
27	rules, the written recommendation of a qualifying patient's physician shall constitute a
28	valid cultivation registration."

1	Section 108. Temporary Provision.
2	(A) During the period thirty (30) days after the effective date of rules promulgated
3	by the Corporation pursuant to Section 7 of this Act, a qualified patient who would be
4	eligible to engage in the medical use of cannabis in accordance with this Act but for the
5	lack of effective rules concerning registry identification cards, licensed producers,
6	cannabis production facilities, distribution system and adequate supply, may obtain a
7	written certification from a practitioner and upon presentation of that certification to the
8	Corporation, the Corporation shall issue a temporary certification for participation in the
9	program. The Corporation shall maintain a list of all temporary certificates issued
10	pursuant to this section.
11	(B) A person possessing a temporary certificate and the person's primary
12	caregiver are not subject to arrest, prosecution, civil or criminal penalty or denial of any
13	right or privilege for possessing cannabis if the amount of cannabis possessed collectively
14	is not more than the amount that is specified on the temporary certificate issued by the
15	Corporation.
16	(C) A practitioner shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution to be penalized in
17	any manner or denied any right or privilege for recommending the medical use of
18	cannabis or providing written certification for the medical use of cannabis pursuant to
19	this Act."
20	Section 3. Amendment. 6 CMC section 2114 subsection (c) is amended to
21	amend clauses (13) and (20) to read as follows:
22	"(c) Any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity
23	of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers,
24	unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of salts, isomers, and salts of
25	isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) 2,5 dimethoxyamphetamine (2.5-DMA);

(3) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;

(2) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;

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1	(4) 4-bromo-2,5 dimethoxy amphetamine (4-bromo-2,5-DMA);
2	(5) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
3	(6) Bufotenine;
4	(7) 4-methoxyamphetamine (PMA);
5	(8) Diethyltryptamine;
6	(9) Dimethyltryptamine;
7	(10) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxylamphetamine;
8	(11) Ibogaine;
9	(12) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
10	(13) Marijuana; reserved
11	(14) Mescaline;
12	(15) Peyote;
13	(16) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
14	(17) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
15	(18) Psilocyn;
16	(19) Psilocybin;
17	(20) Tetrahydrocannabinol. (reserved)."
18	Section 4. <u>Preemption</u> . In the case of conflict with current law, this Act shall
19	supersede any statute, regulation, rule, or common law provision for the period it remains
20	in effect.
21	Section 5. Severability. If any provision of this Act or the application of any
22	such provision to any person or circumstance should be held invalid by a court of
23	competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Act or the application of its provisions to
24	persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid shall not be affected
25	thereby.
26	Section 6. Savings Clause. This Act and any repealer contained herein shall not
27	be construed as affecting any existing right acquired under contract or acquired under

- 1 statutes repealed or under any rule, regulation, or order adopted under the statutes.
- 2 Repealers contained in this Act shall not affect any proceeding instituted under or
- 3 pursuant to prior law. The enactment of the Act shall not have the effect of terminating,
- 4 or in any way modifying, any liability, civil or criminal, which shall already be in
- 5 existence on the date this Act becomes effective.
- 6 Section 7. Effective Date. This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the
- 7 Governor or becoming law without such approval.

Date:

Introduced By:

Senator Sixto K. Igisomar

Reviewed for Legal sufficiency by:

Senate Legal Counsel