A BILL FOR AN ACT

To Regulate Cannabis in the Northern Mariana Islands; and for other purposes; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE TWENTIETH NORTHERN MARIANAS COMMONWEALTH LEGISLATURE:

Section 1. Findings and Purpose. The Legislature finds that 29 U.S. States, including the island territory of Guam, have legalized marijuana for medical purposes since 1996. Furthermore, 8 states, including the District of Columbia have legalized marijuana for personal use since 2012. The number of states and territories that elected to regulate marijuana in a manner similar to alcohol is expected to continue to grow as public support for marijuana legalization, nationally, is currently around 60% and rising.

The Legislature further finds that states that have set up regulated markets for marijuana with time, age, and place of sale restrictions, product testing, labeling, and other precautions relative to providing a safe product for responsible adult consumers, have observed real and significant benefits to public health, safety, and quality of life for all residents. These benefits include; (1) Alternative treatment for pain and suffering for those afflicted with debilitated illnesses, such as Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Cancer, Epilepsy, and a host of other conditions, many of which are not effectively treated with synthetic prescription medications. In this respect, marijuana has become a life-saving and enhancing medical alternative; (2) A 25% reduction in accidental overdoses, addiction, and abuse, as medical marijuana has provided a safer alternative to far more harmful and dangerous prescription narcotics, providing evidence that approving the responsible adult use of marijuana can combat the deadly opioid crisis currently experienced in the United States. Furthermore, there is real evidence to suggest that allowing for the adult use of marijuana will help to reduce the level of

methamphetamine (ICE) use and abuse in the CNMI; (3) Decreases in youth access to marijuana and usage rates among the youth; (4) Decreases in violent crime as marijuana is manufactured and sold in approved facilities by licensed businesses; (5) Decreases in fatal car crashes as marijuana becomes a popular, and much safer, alternative to alcohol and other recreational drugs; and (6) Substantial revenues generated by the growth, processing, and sale of marijuana and hemp products, with the introduction of the legal marijuana industry that has created over 100,000 new jobs, nationally, providing funding for many government and social programs

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The Legislature finds that according to the World Health Organization (WHO), the CNM. has the second highest marijuana usage rates in the world, at 22.5%. In essence, approximately 1 in 4 persons in the CNMI either grow or consume marijuana for medical, agricultural, and personal purposes, despite the federal and local prohibition of the plant. Meanwhile, reports of problems associated with marijuana use are close to none. In 2015, Senate bill 19-06 was introduced to allow for the medical use of marijuana, which received overwhelming support during public hearings for the bill. In addition, many of the citizens who came forth to provide their testimony shared their concern that due to the small number of citizens who would qualify for the medical use of marijuana, a medical-only policy would not allow for the economy of scale that would ensure a viable program that could support economically the production, manufacturing, regulating, and retailing of marijuana products. The individuals with medical needs highly recommended access to marijuana for therapy and medicinal use by way of simply boiling the leaves or roots in hot water and to consume as tea. In essence, many CNMI residents support a fully regulated market for the responsible adult use of marijuana, which does not penalize the residents for using a substance that is far safer than alcohol. Public feedback during the public hearing of SB 19-06 highly recommended marijuana legislation that will decriminalize or allow for personal and commercial use, and for a hemp industry.

Therefore, the Legislature finds that it is in our best interest to move marijuana into a regulated and controlled market for responsible adult personal use, allowing for the

1 creation of jobs and the capturing of a new revenue stream that can be used to fund public 2 safety programs, public school infrastructure and programs, supporting the retirement 3 fund, and other government and social programs, such as drug abuse treatment; 4 furthermore, providing an effective alternative medicine for those suffering from medical 5 conditions; and allowing for the development of an industrial hemp industry here in the 6 CNMI. In this respect, this Act encompasses the recognized best management practices employed by other states and territories to control, regulate marijuana and industrial 7 hemp, for responsible adults. This Act complies with the federal guidelines concerning 8 9 marijuana enforcement that were developed by the U.S. Department of Justice in 2014. 10 Furthermore, this Act has been adapted to meet local needs and conditions with input from medical professionals, law enforcement, patients, growers, advocates, and others 11 who participated in public hearings and committee meetings. This Act further allows for 12 local municipalities to decide for themselves how they wish to regulate non-medical 13 14 marijuana businesses through zoning and local laws that describe time, place, and manner 15 regulations. This Act is intended to authorize the regulation and control of marijuana for 16 responsible adults twenty-one years and older, to improve public safety and the quality of 17 life - health, education and welfare- for all CNMI residents. 18 Section 2. Amendment. Subject to codification by the CNMI Law Revision 19 Commission, Title 4, Division 5 of the Commonwealth Code is amended by adding a new Chapter 20 to read as follows: 20 "CHAPTER 20. CANNIBIS REGULATION. 21 22 Section 101. Short Title. This Act may be cited as the "CNMI Cannabis Act of 23 2018." Section 102. Approval by the Voters. This Act shall not become law upon its 24 passage. Instead, this Act shall be placed on the ballot as a ballot measure to be voted for 25 in the next Commonwealth election as a legislatively referred Commonwealth statute. 26 27 Upon approval of this statute as a ballot measure, the following question will appear on the ballot as representing this act: "Should the Commonwealth legalize and regulate 28 marijuana by approving the CNMI Cannibis Act of 2018?" Upon approval of this act by a 29

2	Furthermore, upon this act becoming law, the Legislature is authorized to create
3	additional "governing regulations and controlling laws" deemed necessary and proper for
4	the Government to regulate, amend or impose new fees, penalties and/or taxes, control
5	and enforce the personal use, medicinal use, commercial cultivation, processing and sales
6	of marijuana and marijuana products with governance over the public and private sector.
7	Provided, however, that the creation of any additional governing regulations and
8	controlling laws SHALL NOT in any way contravene or substantially change the intent
9	of the Act as enacted by the will of the people of the CNMI. If disapproved, this Act will
10	be void and shall not become law.
11	Section 103. Purposes.
12	(a) The Legislature declares that the purposes of this Act are:
13	(1) To create the Cannabis Commission;
14	(2) To allow the personal, medicinal, and commercial use of marijuana in
15	the CNMI provided that such activity occurs pursuant to this chapter or pursuant
16	to the laws of a Senatorial District;
17	(3) To create Hemp Industries for the CNMI;
18	(4) To eliminate the problems caused by the prohibition and uncontrolled
19	manufacture, delivery, and possession of marijuana within this Commonwealth;
20	(5) To protect the safety, welfare, health, and peace of the people of this
21	Commonwealth by prioritizing the Commonwealth's limited law enforcement
22	resources in the most effective, consistent, and rational way;
23	(6) To permit persons licensed, controlled, and regulated by the
24	Commonwealth to legally manufacture and sell marijuana to persons 21 years of
25	age and older, subject to the provisions of this Act;
26	(7) To permit doctors and their patients to make decisions about the use of
27	medicinal marijuana without undue governmental interference;
28	(8) To establish a comprehensive regulatory framework concerning
29	marijuana under existing Commonwealth law;

simple majority of the voters in the election, this act will immediately become law.

1	(9) In the interest of enacting rational policies for the treatment of all
2	variations of the cannabis plant, the Legislature further finds and declares that
3	hemp should be regulated separately from strains of cannabis with higher delta-9
4	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentrations of 0.3%.
5	(10) The Legislature further finds and declares that it is necessary to
6	ensure consistency and fairness in the application of this chapter throughout the
7	Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands and that, therefore, the matters
8	addressed by this chapter are, except as specified herein, matters of the
9	Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands concern.
10	(b) The Legislature intends that the provisions of this Act, together with the other
11	provisions of existing Commonwealth law, will:
12	(1) Provide the people of the Northern Mariana Islands with the
13	opportunity to establish an industry based on the production and potential
14	exportation of marijuana should the federal government choose to legalize
15	marijuana;
16	(2) Allow each Senatorial District through their respective Local
17	Delegation to determine what is appropriate for its people, land, and economy in
18	regards to marijuana use.
19	(3) Prevent the distribution of marijuana to persons under 21 years of age;
20	(4) Prevent revenue from the sale of marijuana from going to criminal
21	enterprises, gangs, and cartels;
22	(5) Prevent the unlawful diversion of marijuana from this Commonwealth
23	to other States and Territories of the United States;
24	(6) Prevent marijuana activity that is legal under Commonwealth law from
25	being used as a cover or pretext for the trafficking of other illegal drugs or other
26	illegal activity;
27	(7) Prevent violence and the use of firearms in the cultivation and
28	distribution of marijuana;
20	(8) Prevent the unpermitted growing of marijuana on public lands and the

1	attendant public safety and environmental dangers posed by marijuana production
2	on public lands; and
3	(9) Prevent the possession and use of marijuana on federal property.
4	Section 104. Limitations. This Act may not be construed:
5	(a) To amend or affect in any way any Commonwealth or federal law pertaining
6	to employment matters;
7	(b) To amend or affect in any way any Commonwealth or federal law pertaining
8	to landlord-tenant matters;
9	(c) To prohibit a recipient of a federal grant or an applicant for a federal grant
10	from prohibiting the manufacture, delivery, possession, or use of marijuana to the extent
11	necessary to satisfy federal requirements for the grant;
12	(d) To prohibit a party to a federal contract or a person applying to be a party to a
13	federal contract from prohibiting the manufacture, delivery, possession, or use of
14	marijuana to the extent necessary to comply with the terms and conditions of the contract
15	or to satisfy federal requirements for the contract;
16	(e) To require a person to violate a federal law;
17	(f) To exempt a person from a federal law or obstruct the enforcement of a federal
18	law.
19	Section 105. Definitions. As used in this Act:
20	(a) "Cannabis" means a genus of flowering plants that includes three putative
21	varieties; Cannabis sativa, Cannabis indica, and Cannabis ruderalis. The Cannabis genus
22	has two main species popularly known as Cannabis Sativa and Cannabis Indica:
23	(1) Cannabis Sativa plants have known to stretch to extraordinary heights
24	of up to 20 feet when grown outside, and have much longer vegetation periods.
25	Once the plant begins to flower, it can take anywhere from ten to sixteen weeks to
26	fully mature. Since vegetation periods are so long, these plants typically produce a
27	much higher yield than Indica strains (3 ounces to 1 pound per plant), but possess
28	a lower THC percentage than Indica on average (around 12-16%);
29	(2) Cannabis Indica are short and stout in composure (2-4 feet tall), and

1	typically yield smaller (1.5 to 2.5 ounces per plant), higher quality crops (~18%
2	THC) than Cannabis Sativa. The plants are believed to have originated in the
3	Middle East (Pakistan & Afghanistan), and thrive in cooler environments. Indica
4	strains are typically darker green than sativa and have shorter, fatter leaves.
5	(3) The main active ingredient in cannabis is called delta-9 tetrahydro-
6	cannabinol, commonly known as THC. This is the part of the plant that gives the
7	"high." There is a wide range of THC potency between cannabis products.
8	(4) Cannabis is used in three main forms: marijuana, hashish and hash oil.
9	Marijuana is made from dried flowers and leaves of the cannabis plant. It is the
10	least potent of all the cannabis products and is usually smoked or made into edible
11	products like cookies or brownies (see Factsheet: Marijuana Edibles). Hashish is
12	made from the resin (a secreted gum) of the cannabis plant. It is dried and pressed
13	into small blocks and smoked. It can also be added to food and eaten. Hash oil,
14	the most potent cannabis product, is a thick oil obtained from hashish. It is also
15	smoked.
16	(5) Cannabis is usually smoked in hand-rolled cigarettes (known as
17	"joints") or in special water pipes ("bongs"). These pipes or bongs can be bought
18	or made from things such as orange juice containers, soft drink cans or even toilet
19	rolls.
20	(b) "Caregiver" means a person who is 21 years of age or older who is
21	responsible for the medical marijuana patient's needs to the production, processing,
22	keeping, or storage of homegrown marijuana at a household or cultivation site.
23	(c) "Commerce" means the Department of Commerce.
24	(d) "Commission" means the Marijuana Hemp Commission.
25	(e) "Consumer" means a person who purchases, acquires, owns, holds, or uses
26	marijuana items other than for the purpose of resale.
27	(f) "Commonwealth" or "CNMI" means the Commonwealth of the Northern
28	Mariana Islands.
29	(g) "Cultivation site" means a site in which marijuana is produced other than a

1	household for non-commercial purposes. A cultivation site may include but is not limited
2	to a farm, ranch, land parcel, lot, greenhouse, warehouse, building, room, or container.
3	(h) "Debilitating medical condition" means:
4	(1) cancer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus,
5	acquired immune deficiency syndrome, hepatitis C, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis,
6	Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, agitation of Alzheimer's disease, post-
7	traumatic stress disorder, or the treatment of these conditions;
8	(2) a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition or its treatment
9	that produces one or more of the following: stroke, diabetes, Parkinson's disease,
10	Wilson's disease, Traumatic Brain Injury, ADD/ADHD, muscular
11	Dystrophy(MD), Cerebral Palsy, asthma, and other types of immune-modulated
12	inflammatory diseases, cachexia or wasting syndrome; severe, debilitating pain;
13	severe nausea; seizures; or severe and persistent muscle spasms, including, but
14	not limited to, those characteristic of multiple sclerosis; or
15	(3) any other serious medical condition or its treatment provided for by the
16	Commission regulation in consultation with the Commonwealth Health Care
17	Corporation (CHCC) or other medical professionals.
18	(i) "Division of Agriculture" means the Department of Lands and Natural
19	Resources Division of Agriculture.
20	(j) "Controlled substance" means a drug or its immediate precursor classified in
21	Schedules I through V by 6 CMC §§ 2111-2123. The term "controlled substance," as used
22	in the Commonwealth Code does not include marijuana.
23	(k) (1) "Financial consideration," except as provided in paragraph (b) of this
24	subsection, means value that is given or received directly or indirectly through
25	sales, barter, trade, fees, charges, dues, contributions or donations.
26	(2) "Financial consideration" does not mean any of the following:
27	(i) Homegrown marijuana made by another person.
28	(ii) Homemade marijuana products made by another person.
29	(1) "Hemp" means the plant of the genus cannabis and any part of the plant,

- 1 whether growing or not, with a delta9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not
- 2 exceed three tenths percent on a dry weight basis for any part of the plant cannabis, or per
- 3 volume or weight of marijuana product, or the combined percent of delta-9-
- 4 tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant cannabis
- 5 regardless of moisture content.

- (m) "Homegrown" or "homemade" means grown or made by a person 21 years
- 7 of age or older for noncommercial purposes.
- 8 (n) "Homegrown marijuana registry" means a record maintained by the
- 9 Commission of the names and addresses of persons who are 21 years of age or older or
- 10 medical marijuana patients authorized to produce, process, keep, or store homegrown
- marijuana at a household or a cultivation site for non-commercial purposes.
- 12 (o) "Homegrown marijuana registry card" means a card issued by the
- 13 Commission to a person who is 21 years of age or older or a medical marijuana patient
- 14 that is authorized to produce, process, keep, or store homegrown marijuana at a
- 15 household or a cultivation site for non-commercials purposes.
- (p) "Household" means a housing unit, and includes any place in or around the
- 17 housing unit at which the occupants of the housing unit are producing, processing,
- 18 keeping, or storing marijuana, marijuana products, or marijuana extracts, whether
- 19 homemade or purchased.
- 20 (q) "Housing unit" means a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of
- 21 rooms, or a single room that is occupied as separate living quarters, in which the
- 22 occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have
- 23 direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall.
- 24 (r) "Immature marijuana plant" means a marijuana plant with no observable
- 25 flowers or buds.
- 26 (s) "Licensee" means any person holding a license issued under this Act, or any
- 27 person holding a license or permit issued under any regulation promulgated pursuant to
- 28 Section 8, infra.
- 29 (t) "Licensee representative" means an owner, director, officer, manager,

1	employee, agent, or other representative of a licensee, to the extent such person acts in
2	such representative capacity.
3	(u) "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant of the genus Cannabis, the seeds
4	thereof, and every compound, manufacture, salt derivative, mixture, or preparation of the
5	plant and its seeds whether growing or not, regardless of moisture content, other than
6	marijuana extracts. "Marijuana" does not include hemp, nor does it include fiber
7	produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, sterilized seed of
8	the plant which is incapable of germination, or the weight of any other ingredient
9	combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other
10	product.
11	(v) "Marijuana establishment" means an entity licensed by the Commission as a
12	marijuana producer, marijuana lounge, marijuana testing facility, marijuana processor, a
13	marijuana retailer, or a marijuana wholesaler.
14	(w) "Marijuana extract" or "Marijuana concentrate" means a product obtained by
15	separating resins from marijuana by solvent extraction, using solvents other than water or
16	vegetable glycerin, such as butane, hexane, isopropyl alcohol, ethanol, and carbon
17	dioxide: which is produced only by a licensed marijuana establishment.
18	(x) (1) "Marijuana flowers" means the flowers of the plant Cannabis family
19	Moraceae.
20	(2) "Marijuana flowers" does not include any part of the plant other than
21	the flowers.
22	(y) "Marijuana items" means marijuana, marijuana products, and marijuana
23	extracts.
24	(z) (1) "Marijuana leaves" means the leaves of the plant Cannabis family
25	Moraceae.
26	(2) "Marijuana leaves" does not include any part of the plant other than
27	the leaves.
28	(aa) "Marijuana Lounge" means an entity licensed by the Commission to sell and
29	/or allow for the on-site consumption of marijuana items.

1	(1) "Class 1" means an entity licensed to sell marijuana items for on-site
2	consumption.
3	(2) "Class 2" means an entity licensed to allow for the on-site
4	consumption of marijuana items, but for which the sale of marijuana items is
5	prohibited.
6	(bb) "Marijuana processor" means a person who processes marijuana items in this
7	Commonwealth.
8	(cc) "Marijuana producer" means a person who produces marijuana in this
9	Commonwealth.
10	(dd) (1) "Marijuana products" means products that contain marijuana or
11	marijuana extracts and are intended for consumption, that include, but are not
12	limited to being edible, drinkable, or topical.
13	(2) "Marijuana products" does not mean:
14	(i) Marijuana, by itself; or
15	(ii) A marijuana extract, by itself.
16	(ee) "Marijuana retailer" means a person who sells marijuana items to a consumer
17	in this Commonwealth.
18	(ff) "Marijuana testing facility" means an entity licensed by the Commission to
19	analyze and certify the safety and potency of marijuana items.
20	(gg) "Marijuana wholesaler" means a person who purchases marijuana items in
21	this Commonwealth for resale to a person other than a consumer in this Commonwealth,
22	such as a licensed marijuana establishment.
23	(hh) "Mature marijuana plant" means any marijuana plant that is not an immature
24	marijuana plant.
25	(ii) "Medical marijuana" or "medicinal marijuana" means marijuana used by a
26	person for medical or medicinal purposes.
27	(jj) "Medical Marijuana patient" means a person who uses marijuana as
28	recommended by a doctor or other medical authority in the treatment of a debilitating
20	medical condition or any other medical condition

1	(kk) "Micro producer" means a person with a micro production license to produce
2	marijuana in this Commonwealth.
3	(ll) "Noncommercial" means not dependent or conditioned upon the provision or
4	receipt of financial consideration.
5	(mm) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, professional corporation,
6	nonprofit corporation, cooperative corporation, profit or nonprofit unincorporated
7	association, business trust, limited liability company, general or limited partnership, joint
8	venture, or any other legal entity.
9	(nn) "Premises" or "licensed premises" or "marijuana establishment" means a
10	location licensed under this Act and includes:
11	(1) All enclosed areas at the location that are used in the business operated
12	at the location, including offices, kitchens, rest rooms and storerooms, including
13	all public and private areas;
14	(2) All areas outside of a building that the Commission has specifically
15	licensed for the consumption, production, processing, wholesale sale, or retail sale
16	of marijuana items; and
17	(3) For a location that the Commission has specifically licensed for the
18	production of marijuana outside of a building, the entire lot or parcel, that the
19	licensee owns, leases, or has a right to occupy.
20	(oo) (1) "Processes" means:
21	(i) The processing, compounding, or conversion of marijuana into
22	marijuana products or marijuana extracts;
23	(ii) The processing, compounding, or conversion of marijuana,
24	either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin,
25	or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
26	extraction and chemical synthesis;
27	(iii) The packaging or repackaging of marijuana items; or
28	(iv) The labeling or relabeling of any package or container of
29	marijuana items.

1	(2) "Processes" does not include:
2	(i) The drying of marijuana by a marijuana producer, if the
3	marijuana producer is not otherwise processing marijuana; or
4	(ii) The packaging and labeling of marijuana by a marijuana
5	producer in preparation for delivery to a marijuana processor, marijuana
6	retailer, marijuana wholesaler, or marijuana lounge.
7	(pp) (1) "Produces" means the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or
8	harvesting of marijuana.
9	(2) "Produces" does not include:
10	(i) The drying of marijuana by a marijuana processor, if the
11	marijuana processor is not otherwise producing marijuana; or
12	(ii) The cultivation and growing of an immature marijuana plant by
13	a marijuana processor, marijuana lounge, marijuana wholesaler, or
14	marijuana retailer if the marijuana processor, marijuana lounge, marijuana
15	wholesaler, or marijuana retailer purchased or otherwise received the plant
16	from a licensed marijuana producer.
17	(qq) "Public place" means a place to which the general public has access and
18	includes, but is not limited to, beaches, hallways, lobbies and other parts of apartment
19	houses and hotels not constituting rooms or apartments designed for actual residence, and
20	highways, streets, schools, places of amusement, parks, playgrounds and premises used in
21	connection with public passenger transportation.
22	(rr) "Sale" or "sold" means:
23	(1) Any transfer, exchange or barter, in any manner or by any means, for a
24	consideration, and includes and means all sales made by any person. It includes a
25	gift by a person engaged in the business of selling marijuana, for advertising, as a
26	means of evading this Act, or for any other purpose.
27	(2) If a marijuana producer also holds one or more processor licenses, one
28	or more wholesale licenses, one or more marijuana lounge licenses, or one or
29	more retail licenses, a sale of marijuana flowers, marijuana leaves, or immature

marijuana plants will be deemed to occur if and when the marijuana producer processes or takes any other action with respect to such marijuana flowers, marijuana leaves, or immature marijuana plants for which a processor license, wholesale license, marijuana lounge license, or retail license is required, regardless of whether the marijuana producer continues to own or possess the marijuana flowers, marijuana leaves, or immature marijuana plants.

Section 106. Exemptions.

(a) This Act does not apply:

- (1) To the production, processing, keeping, or storage of homegrown marijuana at a household for non-commercial purposes by one or more persons 21 years of age and older if the total of homegrown marijuana at the household or cultivation site does not exceed twelve (12) mature marijuana plants; with NO MORE THAN 24 immature plants provided that any additional marijuana produced by the person's marijuana plants in excess of 4 ounces of marijuana must remain in the same secure location where the marijuana was cultivated or secured at a person's household and such person holds a homegrown marijuana registry card issued by the Commission.
- (2) To the production, processing, keeping, or storage of homegrown marijuana at a household for non-commercial purposes by a medical marijuana patient or the patient's caregiver who may exceed the twelve (12) mature marijuana plant limit should the patient's physician deem it necessary and practical for the effective treatment of the medical marijuana patient and with no limit on the number of immature plants; provided that any additional marijuana produced by the person's marijuana plants in excess of 4 ounces of marijuana must remain in the same secure location where the marijuana was cultivated or secured at a person's household and such person holds a homegrown marijuana registry card issued by the Commission, and a document with a physician statement recommending the use of marijuana for medicinal use showing the name of the patient or the caregiver.

1	(3) To the making, processing, keeping, or storage of marijuana products
2	at a household by one or more persons 21 years of age and older, that are properly
3	identified and properly secured to ensure in an enclosed, locked space that
4	persons under 21 years of age do not possess a key.
5	(4) To the delivery, possession, transport, or gifting of not more than four
6	ounces of any marijuana at any given time by a person 21 years of age and older
7	to another person 21 years of age or older for noncommercial purposes.
8	(5) To the delivery, possession, transport, or gifting of not more than
9	Sixteen ounces of any marijuana products in solid form at any given time by a
10	person 21 years of age or older to another person 21 years of age or older for
11	noncommercial purposes.
12	(6) To the delivery, possession, transport, or gifting of not more than
13	seventy-two ounces of any marijuana products in liquid form at any given time by
14	a person 21 years of age or older to another person 21 years of age or older for
15	noncommercial purposes.
16	(7) To the delivery, possession, transport, or gifting of not more than ten
17	grams of marijuana extracts at any given time by a person 21 years of age or older
18	to another person 21 years of age or older for non-commercial purposes.
19	(8) To the delivery, possession, transport, or gifting of not more than 12
20	immature marijuana plants at any given time by a person 21 years of age or older
21	to another person 21 years of age or older for non-commercial purposes.
22	(9) To the possessing, keeping and storing of any additional purchased
23	marijuana items at a household by one or more persons 21 years of age and older,
24	whereas any additional purchased marijuana items in excess of the following must
25	be properly secured at the person's household.
26	(i) 4 Ounces of marijuana.
27	(ii) 16 ounces of marijuana product in solid form.
28	(iii) 72 ounces of marijuana product in liquid form.
29	(iv) 10 grams of marijuana extract.

2 (10) To the transportation of any amount of harvested homegrown marijuana from a person's cultivation site being directly transported to the 3 person's household at any given time by one or more persons 21 years of age or 4 5 older, whereas the harvested homegrown marijuana will be secured at the 6 person's household. (11) To the making, processing, keeping, or storage of homemade 7 8 marijuana extracts or marijuana concentrates at a household by one or more 9 persons 21 years of age and older if the marijuana extracts or concentrates were 10 produced using only water or vegetable glycerin solvents or other forms of non-11 solvent extraction processing methods, as described in Section 156(a) of this Act. 12 (b) This Section is subject to the following terms: 13 (1) Marijuana plants shall be cultivated in a location where the plants are 14 not subject to public view without the use of binoculars, aircraft, or other optical 15 aids. 16 (2) A person who cultivates marijuana must take reasonable precautions to ensure the plants are secure from unauthorized access and access by a person 17 18 under the age of 21. For purposes of illustration and not limitation, cultivating marijuana in an enclosed, locked space that persons under 21 years of age do not 19 20 possess a key to constitutes reasonable precautions. (3) Marijuana cultivation may only occur on property lawfully in 21 22 possession, either by appropriate lease of no less than ten years or actual 23 ownership, of the cultivator or with the consent of the person in lawful possession 24 of the property. (4) A person who violates this section while otherwise acting in 25 26 compliance with this Act is guilty of a violation punishable by a civil infraction punishable by a fine of \$100 for a first offense. If the person is found guilty of a 27 28 second offense within a two-year period, then their marijuana will be confiscated and they will be fined \$500. If a person is found guilty of a third offense 29

12 immature marijuana plants.

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(v)

1	occurring within a two-year period, their marijuana will be confiscated and then
2	the person will be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000
3	and thirty days of imprisonment, including revocation of their homegrown
4	marijuana registry card.
5	Section 107. Cannabis Commission.
6	(a) The Cannabis Commission is hereby established as a regulatory agency of the
7	government of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
8	(b) Appointment of Commissioners and Term. The Commission shall consist of
9	five commissioners.
10	(1) The Governor shall appoint from the Third Senatorial District three
11	members to the Commission, subject to the advice and consent of the Saipan and
12	Northern Islands Legislative Delegation. Provided that one of the three members
13	appointed by the Governor shall be a voter from the Northern Islands and selected
14	by the Northern Islands' Mayor.
15	(2) The Mayor of Rota shall appoint from the First Senatorial District one
16	member to the Commission, subject to the advice and consent of the Rota
17	Legislative Delegation.
18	(3) The Mayor of Tinian and Aguiguan shall appoint from the Second
19	Senatorial District one member to the Commission, subject to the advice and
20	consent of the Tinian and Aguiguan Legislative Delegation.
21	(4) Each member shall serve a term of four years, except that of the
22	members first appointed, two shall serve a term of two years, and three shall serve
23	a term of four years, which shall be determined by lottery at the first meeting of
24	the Commission.
25	(5) The first members of the Commission shall be appointed as provided
26	in this section before March 15, 2018. The terms of all the members first
27	appointed shall begin from March 15, 2018, regardless of the actual date of
28	appointment.
29	(6) Any vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original

1	appointment and for the unexpired term thereof. No member shall serve more
2	than two consecutive terms. A member removed from the Commission for cause
3	shall not be re-appointed to the Commission.
4	(c) Qualifications of Commissioners.
5	(1) Each member shall be a citizen or national of the United States and
6	shall be a resident of and registered to vote in the Senatorial District from which
7	they were appointed.
8	(2) A Commission member must be an adult, and possess a good mor
9	character, and at least two commission members must at least have a bachelor's
10	degree in any field of study from a postsecondary educational institution
11	accredited in the United States or must have at least five years work experience in
12	the following areas: business management, government management, or financial
13	management.
14	(3) No person may be appointed who has been convicted of a crime,
15	excepting traffic offenses, in any jurisdiction of the United States, the
16	Commonwealth or any foreign country carrying a maximum sentence of more
17	than six months, or any crime or offense involving moral turpitude unless a full
18	pardon has been granted.
19	(4) No individual may serve as a member of the Commission, if such
20	individual, or a parent or child of such individual, holds or is an applicant for any
21	license under this title or holds any direct or indirect financial interest in any
22	person or entity that holds or is an applicant for any license under this title.
23	(5) The gender and ethnicity requirements of 1 CMC § 2901 shall not
24	apply to the Commission.
25	(d) Removal of Commissioner for Cause Only. The Governor may, for cause
26	only, suspend or remove any Commission member, without regard to who appointed said
27	member, subject to judicial review by the Superior Court, which may stay such removal
28	or suspension pending such review.

(e) Membership on the Commission shall be automatically forfeited upon

- violation of subsection (3) of this section, upon conviction of a felony, or upon conviction of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude.
- (f) The Commission shall not be considered an agency of local government for
 purposes of Article VI, Section 8, of the Constitution.

- (g) Compensation upon availability of Funds. Members of the Commission shall each be compensated at the rate of \$40,000.00 for the first year of the Commission's existence. After the first year of the Commission's existence, Commissioners shall be compensated at the hourly rate of \$20.00 for official Commission meetings attended. In addition, the Commissioners shall be reimbursed for their actual, necessary, and reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. All travel will be subject to 1 CMC §7407.
- (h) The members of the Commission shall elect their chairman, vice chairman, secretary and treasurer for terms of one year, beginning from the effective date of their term.
 - (i) Quorum. The minimum number of members needed to constitute a
- quorum for the conduct of Commission business shall be three members; provided at least one member of the Senatorial District of Tinian or Rota is counted in the quorum. The Commission is encouraged to adopt rules and regulations to provide for the appearance at meetings telephonically or via videoconference by members who are not physically present at the meeting. A member who appears telephonically or via videoconference pursuant to Commission rule or regulation shall be deemed present to constitute a quorum.
- (j) The members of the Commission are not employees of the Commission or the Commonwealth government.
- Section 108. Powers and Duties of the Commission. The Cannabis Commission has the powers and duties specified in this Act, and also the powers necessary or proper to enable it to carry out fully and effectually all the purposes of this Act. The jurisdiction, supervision, powers and duties of the Commission extend to any person who buys, sells, produces, processes, transports, or delivers any marijuana items

1 within this Commonwealth. The Commission shall have all the powers and authority 2 necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including, without limitation, the 3 responsibility: 4 (a) To conduct hearings pertaining to the violation of this chapter or regulations 5 promulgated hereto; including hearings for the purpose of approving marijuana or hemp 6 licenses and other business allowed under this chapter. 7 (b) To promulgate such rules and regulations, as may be necessary to fulfill the 8 intent, policies and purposes of this chapter. The Commission may use such rules and 9 regulations to interpret, enlarge upon, except provisions defining the authority and 10 powers of the Commission, or define, or any provision of this chapter to the extent that 11 such provision is not specifically defined by this chapter. The rules and regulations shall, 12 at a minimum, provide for the following: 13 (1) A code of ethics for the members of the Commission and its officers 14 and employees. 15 (2) Supervision, monitoring and investigation or other means to ensure the 16 suitability and compliance with the legal, statutory and contractual obligations of 17 owners, operators, and employees of marijuana or hemp businesses and other 18 persons licensed under this chapter. 19 (3) The examination, supervision and monitoring of the continuing fiscal 20 and financial capability and transactions of marijuana or hemp businesses owners, 21 operators, concessionaires and other parties with any direct relation to the 22 marijuana or hemp business operators and to protect the public in the event that 23 such capability is significantly diminished. 24 (4) To collaborate in the definition, coordination and execution of the 25 social, environmental and economic policies for the operations of the marijuana 26 and hemp businesses. 27 (5) To authorize and certify all the equipment, facilities, and tools or

(6) To issue licenses for marijuana and hemp businesses and other

utensils used by the operations of marijuana or hemp businesses.

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1	authorized activities under this act.
2	(7) To examine, supervise and monitor the eligibility of all authorized and
3	licensed marijuana and hemp businesses or activities authorized under this act;
4	including their partners and principal employees.
5	(8) To investigate and penalize any administrative infractions practiced
6	according to the appropriate substantial and procedural legislations.
7	(9) To ensure that the relationship of the licensed marijuana and hemp
8	businesses and individuals or entities authorized for personal or medicinal use of
9	marijuana with the government and the public is in compliance with the
10	Commission's regulations and provides the highest interest to Commonwealth.
11	(10) The exclusion and removal of undesirable persons from the marijuana
12	and hemp businesses.
13	(11) Civil penalties for the violation of provisions or regulations imposed
14	under this chapter.
15	(12) Penalties for the late payment of applicable fines, or fees.
16	(c) To levy fines and penalties for the violation of provisions of this chapter and
17	the regulation promulgated by the Commission.
18	(d) To require and demand access to and inspect, examine, photocopy, and audit
19	all papers, books and records of the license marijuana and hemp businesses on its
20	premises or elsewhere as practical, including inspecting the gross income produced by
21	the marijuana and hemp businesses and verification of their income, and all other matters
22	affecting the enforcement of the Commission's policy or as required pursuant to this
23	chapter.
24	(e) For the types of licenses or permits to be covered by the marijuana and hemp
25	license and their structure.
26	(f) The Commission shall not regulate personal cultivation of marijuana.
27	(g) To regulate the purchase, sale, production, processing, transportation, and
28	delivery of marijuana items in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
29	(h) To grant, refuse, suspend or cancel licenses for the sale, processing, or

- production of marijuana items, or other licenses in regard to marijuana items, and to permit, in its discretion, the transfer of a license of any person.
 - (i) To investigate and aid in the prosecution of every violation of Commonwealth statutes relating to marijuana items, and cooperate in the prosecution of offenders before the Superior Court for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
 - (j) To adopt such regulations as are necessary and feasible for carrying out the intent and provisions of this Act and to amend or repeal such regulations. When such regulations are adopted they shall have the full force and effect of law.
 - (k) To exercise all powers incidental, convenient or necessary to enable it to administer or carry out any of the provisions of this Act.
 - (l) To regulate and prohibit any advertising by manufacturers, processors, wholesalers or retailers of marijuana items by the medium of newspapers, letters, billboards, radio or otherwise.
- 14 (m) To regulate the use of marijuana items for scientific, pharmaceutical, 15 manufacturing, mechanical, industrial and other purposes.
 - (n) To adopt separate regulations as are necessary and feasible for the development of a medical marijuana program.
 - (o) To adopt separate regulations as are necessary and feasible for the development of a hemp program for strains of cannabis that do not exceed three tenths percent on a dry weight basis of any part of the plant cannabis, or per volume or weight of marijuana product, or the combined percent of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant cannabis regardless of moisture content.
 - (p) On or before June 1, 2019 the Commission shall prescribe forms and adopt such rules and regulations as the Commission deems necessary for the implementation and administration of this Act.
- 27 (q) The Commission has no power to purchase, own, sell, or possess any marijuana items.

Section 109. Executive Director.

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1	(a) The Commission shall hire an Executive Director who will be responsible for
2	the overall administration of the Commission and the supervision of the marijuana and
3	hemp licensee and others pursuant to this chapter.
4	(b) Qualification of the Executive Director. The Executive Director shall possess
5	the following minimum qualification:
6	(1) A bachelor's degree from a United States accredited educational
7	institution or equivalent; and
8	(2) Five years work experience - professional, administrative or
9	management in government or private sectors; and
0	(3) Good ethical and moral character; and
1	(4) The Commission shall not hire any person for the Executive Director's
2	position who has been convicted of a crime in any jurisdiction of the United
3	States, or any foreign country carrying a minimum sentence of imprisonment of
4	more than six months, excepting traffic offenses.
5	(5) The Executive Director shall not have any interest, directly or
6	indirectly, in any business under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
7	(c) The Executive Director shall be the head of the administration of the
8	Commission, and subject to the general oversight and direction of the Commission, shall
9	organize the work of the Commission in a manner that will ensure its efficient and
20	effective operation and, subject to the budgetary authority, the Executive Director may
21	hire and terminate such staff necessary to carry out the purpose of the Commission. Such
22	staff shall be exempt from the civil service. The Executive Director shall obtain such
23	equipment, rent or build such additional office space, and generally make such regular
24	office expenditure and acquisitions as necessary to establish and maintain a working
2.5	office suitable for the Commission to effectively function pursuant to this chapter.
26	(d) The Executive Director shall have such other duties as may be assigned or
27	delegated by the Commission.
8.	(e) The Executive Director serves at the pleasure of the Commission.

(f) The Executive Director's annual salary shall be determined by the

- 1 Commission, subject to availability of funds, but in no event shall it exceed \$85,000.00
- 2 per year. The Executive Director shall be reimbursed for actual, necessary, and
- 3 reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of his or her duties as allowed by the
- 4 Commission, but in any event not to exceed \$25,000.00 in reimbursements per calendar
- 5 year. All travel will be subject to 1 CMC §7407.

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Section 110. Rules and Regulations.

The Commission shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including but not limited to, Marijuana or Hemp promotional activities; compliance and internal controls, and control of the financial suitability of licensed operators. The Commission may, in addition to any other purpose, use such rules and regulations to interpret, enlarge upon, or define any provision of this title.

Section 111. Powers and Duties of the Division of Agriculture.

The Department of Lands and Natural Resources, Division of Agriculture shall assist and cooperate with the Commission to the extent necessary for the Commission to carry out its duties and the authority under this Act.

Section 112. Homegrown Marijuana Registry.

- (a) The Commission shall establish a homegrown marijuana registry for all persons who are 21 years of age or older or medical marijuana patients that are authorized to produce, process, keep, or store homegrown marijuana at a household or a cultivation site.
- (b) The Commission shall maintain a record of the homegrown marijuana registry which shall include the names and addresses of registrants, and other pertinent information related to the personal cultivation of homegrown marijuana at a household or a cultivation site.
- (c) The Commission shall provide renewable annual registry cards to qualified persons and shall assess an annual registration fee not to exceed \$100.00.
- (d) All information obtained by the Commission regarding the records of the homegrown marijuana registrants shall remain confidential, never be released to the public, and shall only be available to government agencies charged with carrying out the

1	provisions of this act.
2	(e) The Commission shall not prohibit nor deny persons aged 21 or older from
3	obtaining a homegrown marijuana registry card. Whereas, in the event that the
4	Commission does not develop, implement or maintain the homegrown marijuana registry
5	system by July 1, 2019 or thereafter, this should not prohibit any persons 21 years of age
6	or older from the cultivation of homegrown marijuana, as long as the marijuana is
7	cultivated in accordance with the guidelines defined in this Act.
8	Section 113. No Liability for Official Acts.
9	No member of the Commonwealth government may be sued for doing or omitting
10	to do any act in the performance of duties as prescribed in this Act.
11	Section 114. Powers; Licenses; Federal Law.
12	(a) Neither the Commission or the Division of Agriculture may refuse to perform
13	any duty under this Act on the basis that manufacturing, distributing, dispensing
14	possessing, or using marijuana is prohibited by federal law.
15	(b) The Commission may not revoke or refuse to issue or renew a license under
16	this Act on the basis that manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, possessing, or using
17	marijuana is prohibited by federal law.
18	(c) The Commission may limit the number of available licenses under this Act is
19	it determines that doing so is necessary for the safe and effective regulation of marijuana
20	in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
21	(d) The Commission may issue a license to a CNMI government entity or
22	municipality subject to the provisions of this Act.
23	(e) The Commission shall not issue licenses to businesses that existed prior to the
24	effective date of this act.
25	Section 115. Contracts.
26	No contract shall be unenforceable on the basis that manufacturing, distributing
27	dispensing, possessing, or using marijuana is prohibited by federal law.
28	Section 116. Licenses and Licensee Representatives.
20	Licensees and licensee representatives may produce deliver and possess

1	marijuana items subject to the provisions of this Act. The production, delivery, a	nd
2	possession of marijuana items by a licensee or a licensee representative in complian	ice
3	with this Act shall not constitute a criminal or civil offense under Commonwealth law.	
4	Section 117. Purchaser's Qualifications.	
5	No licensee or licensee representative may sell or deliver any marijuana items	to
6	any person under 21 years of age who does not possess a valid recommendation	for
7	marijuana issued by a doctor licensed to practice medicine in the Northern Maria	na
8	Islands, or by a country of origin for the non-CNMI resident patient.	
9	Section 118. Limitations Applied.	
10	(a) Licensed marijuana retailers and marijuana lounges, with exemption appli	ed
11	to marijuana lounges for subsection (e) of this section, are prohibited from selling iter	ms
12	in excess of the following limits, to consumers at any one time per transaction:	
13	(1) 4 Ounces of marijuana.	
14	(2) 16 ounces of marijuana product in solid form.	
15	(3) 72 ounces of marijuana product in liquid form.	
16	(4) 10 grams of marijuana extract.	
17	(5) 12 immature marijuana plants.	
18	(b) Consumers are prohibited from purchasing items from a marijua	na
19	establishment in excess of the following limits, at any one time per transaction:	
20	(1) 4 Ounces of marijuana.	
21	(2) 16 ounces of marijuana product in solid form.	
22	(3) 72 ounces of marijuana product in liquid form.	
23	(4) 10 grams of marijuana extract.	
24	(5) 12 immature marijuana plants.	
25	(c) Persons 21 years of age or older are allowed to transport the following item	ns
26	for noncommercial purposes at any given time which must not exceed:	
27	(1) 4 Ounces of marijuana.	
28	(2) 16 ounces of marijuana product in solid form.	
29	(3) 72 ounces of marijuana product in liquid form.	

1	(4) 10 grams of marijuana extract.
2	(5) 12 immature marijuana plants.
3	(d) Persons 21 years of age or older area allowed to possess in public the
4	following items at any given time, so long as the items are not made viewable or exposed,
5	and for non-commercial purposes, are not to exceed:
6	(a) 4 Ounces of marijuana.
7	(b) 16 ounces of marijuana product in solid form.
8	(c) 72 ounces of marijuana product in liquid form.
9	(d) 10 grams of marijuana extract.
10	Section 119. Requiring Identification from Certain Purchasers.
11	All licensees and licensee representatives, before selling or serving marijuana
12	items to any person about whom there is any reasonable doubt of the person's having
13	reached 21 years of age, shall require such person to produce one of the following pieces
14	of identification:
15	(a) The person's valid passport.
16	(b) The person's valid motor vehicle operator's license, whether issued in this
17	Commonwealth or by any other State or Territory, so long as the license has a picture of
18	the person, and the person's date of birth.
19	(c) A REAL ID compliant identification card issued by the Commonwealth or by
20	another State or Territory.
21	(d) A United States military identification card.
22	(e) Any other identification card issued by the Commonwealth that bears a picture
23	of the person, the name of the person, the person's date of birth and a physical description
24	of the person.
25	Section 120. False Concealment of Age; Statement of Age as a Defense.
26	(a) No person shall produce any piece of identification that would falsely indicate
27	the person's age.
28	(b) If a piece of identification is offered as evidence in any administrative or
29	criminal prosecution of a licensee or licensee representative for sale or service of

- marijuana items to a person not having reached 21 years of age, the licensee or licensee representative shall be found to have committed no crime or other wrong unless it is demonstrated that a reasonable person would have determined that the identification exhibited was altered or did not accurately describe the person to whom the marijuana
 - Section 121. The Commission's Licensing Duties.

items were sold or served.

- (a) On or before July 1, 2019, upon 210 days of this act becoming law, the Commission shall begin receiving applications for the licensing of persons to produce, process, and sell marijuana within the Commonwealth. Upon receipt of a license application, the Commission shall not unreasonably delay the processing, approval, or rejection of the application or, if the application is approved, the issuance of the license.
- (b) The licenses described in this Act shall be issued by The Commission, subject to its regulations and restrictions and the provisions of this Act.
- (c) The Commission may not license any premise that is located within a distance of 500 feet from any church, hospital, medical clinic, public or private school building, daycare center, or youth center that is in existence at the time the license is issued.
- (d) The Commission may not license a premise that does not have defined boundaries. A licensed premise need not be enclosed by a wall, fence or other structure, but the Commission may require that any licensed premises be enclosed as a condition of issuing or renewing a license. The Commission may not license premises that are mobile.
- (e) The Commission may not issue licenses to applicants without proof of continued CNMI residency within the past 10 years prior to the effective date of the act. This provision will expire after 5 years of the acts passage unless extended by the Legislature through enactment of law.

Section 122. Production License.

- (a) The production of marijuana is subject to regulation by the Commission.
- (b) A marijuana producer must have a production license issued by the Commission for the premises at which the marijuana is produced.

1	(c) A marijuana producer who possesses no more than twenty-five (25) mature
2	marijuana plants may acquire a micro production license, instead of a production license,
3	issued by the Commission for the premises at which the marijuana is produced.
4	Section 123. Processor License.
5	(a) The processing of marijuana items is subject to regulation by the Commission.
6	(b) A marijuana processor must have a processor license issued by the
7	Commission for the premises at which marijuana items are processed.
8	Section 124. Wholesale License.
9	(a) The wholesale sale of marijuana items is subject to regulation by the
10	Commission.
11	(b) A marijuana wholesaler must have a wholesale license issued by the
12	Commission for the premises at which marijuana items are received, kept, stored, or
13	delivered.
14	Section 125. Retail License.
15	(a) The retail sale of marijuana items is subject to regulation by the Commission.
16	(b) A marijuana retailer must have a retail license issued by the Commission for
17	the premises at which marijuana items are sold.
18	Section 126. Marijuana Lounge License.
19	(a) Marijuana lounges licensed to sell and/or allow for the on-site consumption of
20	marijuana, marijuana extracts, or marijuana products is subject to regulation by the
21	Commission.
22	(b) A marijuana lounge licensee must have a "Class 1" or "Class 2" marijuana
23	lounge license issued by the Commission for the premises at which marijuana, marijuana
24	extracts, and marijuana products are received, kept, stored, delivered, sold or consumed.
25	(c) A marijuana lounge licensee may not sell, distribute or allow the consumption
26	of alcohol on the marijuana lounge premises.
27	(d) No persons under the age of 21 may be allowed to enter a marijuana lounge,
28	unless that individual meets the requirements of subsection (6) of this Section.

(e) Licensed marijuana lounges shall be exempted from Public Law No. 16-46,

1	the "Smoke-free Air Act of 2008", to allow for on-site consumption of marijuana,
2	marijuana extracts, and marijuana products.
3	(f) Exemptions to this section are applied for:
4	(1) A person between the age of 18 and 20 years of age in possession of a
5	valid identification, accompanied with a medical form or any documentation
6	validating the person as a medical marijuana patient will be allowed on the
7	premises of a marijuana lounge with a "Class 1" or "Class 2" license and,
8	(2) A person under 18 years of age in possession of a valid identification,
9	accompanied with a medical form or any documentation validating the person as a
10	medical marijuana patient, and is accompanied by a parent(s) or legal guardian,
11	will be allowed only in a marijuana lounge with a "Class 2" license.
12	Section 127. Marijuana Testing Facility License.
13	(a) The testing of marijuana items is subject to regulation by the Commission.
14	(b) A marijuana testing facility must have a marijuana testing facility license
15	issued by the Commission for the premises at which marijuana items are analyzed.
16	Section 128. Employment Protections.
17	(a) Upon enactment of this Act, it shall be henceforth unlawful for employers to
18	discriminate against employees based upon personal preference regarding the
19	consumption of marijuana items. Indication of THC consumption on pre-employment
20	drug screens shall no longer be used as a basis for denial of employment.
21	(b) No part of this Act in any way protects an employee from the consequences
22	for the use of marijuana items while on duty or at the place of employment. Employers
23	retain the right to handle employees based upon company policies regarding on-the-job
24	intoxication and impairment from alcohol and drugs, including marijuana items.
25	Section 129. Child Custody Protections.
26	Upon enactment of this Act, it shall be henceforth unlawful for parents or legal
27	guardians of a minor child/children to be discriminated against or penalized by any
28	government or private agency based upon personal preference regarding the consumption

of marijuana items.

1	Section 130. Smoking Marijuana in Presence of Minors Prohibited.
2	(a) It is unlawful for any person to smoke marijuana in the presence of a minor in
3	a household or in an enclosed space, with exemptions applied to a licensed marijuana
4	lounge according to the provisions of this Act.
5	(b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is punishable by a fine of \$250.
6	Section 131. Examination of Books and Premises of Licensees.
7	(a) The Commission has the right, without prior notice to the owner or the agent
8	of the owner, to make an examination of the books and may at any time make an
9	examination of the premises of any person licensed under this Act, for the purpose of
10	determining compliance with this Act and the rules of the Commission.
11	(b) The Commission shall not require the books of any licensee to be maintained
12	on the premises of the licensee. However, the owner or the agent of the owner must be
13	capable of producing the books of the licensee within three hours of the Commission
14	exercising its right to make an examination of the books.
15	Section 132. Multiple Licenses.
16	Except for micro producers and marijuana testing facilities, the same person may
17	hold one or more marijuana producer licenses, one or more marijuana processor licenses,
18	one or more marijuana wholesaler licenses, one or more marijuana lounge licenses, and
19	one or more marijuana retailer licenses, or a combination of licenses from each category
20	of marijuana establishment types. Micro producers shall hold only (1) one micro
21	production license and marijuana testing facilities shall hold only (1) marijuana testing
22	license.
23	Section 133. Characteristics of License.
24	(a) A license granted under this Act shall:
25	(1) Be a purely personal privilege.
26	(2) Be valid for the period stated in the license.
27	(3) Be renewable in the manner provided in this Act, except for a cause
28	which would be grounds for refusal to issue such license as provided by this Act.
29	(4) Be revocable or suspendible as provided in this Act.

1	(5) Be transferable from the premises for which the license was originally
2	issued to another premises subject to the provisions of this Act, any rules of the
3	Commission and local regulation.
4	(6) Cease upon the death of the licensee, except as provided in subsection
5	(b) of this section.
6	(7) Not constitute property.
7	(8) Not be alienable.
8	(9) Not be subject to attachment or execution.
9	(10) Not descend by the laws of testate or intestate devolution.
10	(b) The Commission may, by order, provide for the manner and conditions under
11	which:
12	(1) Marijuana items left by any deceased, insolvent or bankrupt person or
13	licensee, or subject to a security interest, may be foreclosed, sold under execution
14	or otherwise disposed of.
15	(2) The business of any deceased, insolvent or bankrupt licensee may be
16	operated for a reasonable period following the death, insolvency or bankruptcy.
17	(3) A business licensed pursuant to this Act subject to a security interest
18	may be continued in business by a secured party for a reasonable period after
19	default on the indebtedness by the debtor.
20	Section 134. License Terms; Licenses Issued for Less than a Year;
21	Determination Fees.
22	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all licenses under this Act and
23	renewals thereof shall be issued for a period of one year which shall expire at 12
24	midnight on October 1 of each year.
25	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a license issued for the first
26	time to an applicant may be issued for less than a year. The fee for a license issued for
27	less than a year under this subsection is the annual license fee prescribed by this Act.
28	Section 135. Delivery of Marijuana.
29	A marijuana producer marijuana processor, or marijuana wholesaler shall deliver

- marijuana items only to or on a licensed premise. The sale of marijuana items under any license issued by the Commission for retail sales by a licensee shall be restricted to the premises described in the license, but deliveries may be made by the marijuana retailer to
- 4 consumers pursuant to bona fide orders received on the licensed premises prior to

5 delivery.

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Section 136. Application for License; Rules; Fees.

- (a) Any person desiring a license or renewal of a license under this Act shall make application to the Commission upon forms to be furnished by the Commission showing the name and address of the applicant, the names and addresses of the applicant's employees, location of the place of business that is to be operated under the license, and such other pertinent information as the Commission may require. No license shall be granted or renewed until the applicant has complied with the provisions of this Act and the rules of the Commission.
- (b) The Commission may reject any application that is not submitted in the form required by rule. The Commission shall give applicants an opportunity to be heard if an application is rejected.
- (c) The Commission shall give applicants an opportunity to be heard if it refuses to issue or renew a license under this Act.
- (d) The Commission shall assess a nonrefundable fee for processing a new or renewal application for any license authorized by this Act. The application processing fee shall be \$250.
- (e) The annual license fee for any license, except a micro production license, granted by this Act shall not exceed \$4,500. The license fee is nonrefundable and shall be paid by each applicant upon the granting or committing of a license.
- (f) The annual license fee for a micro production license shall not exceed \$500.00. The license fee is nonrefundable and shall be paid by each applicant upon the granting or committing of a license.
- 28 (g) The Commission may, by regulation, increase any license fee provided for by 29 this Act. The Commission may increase a license fee if the licensing fees are not

1	adequate to compensate for the cost of regulating marijuana.
2	Section 137. Grounds for Refusing to Issue License.
3	(a) The Commission may not license any applicant under the provisions of this
4	Act if the applicant is under 21 years of age.
5	(b) The Commission may refuse to license any applicant under the provisions of
6	this Act, or under standards developed by the appropriate regulatory body, based on
7	considerations including, but not limited to:
8	(1) That the applicant or any of its employees:
9	(i) Has made false statements to the Commission.
10	(ii) Is incompetent or physically unable to carry on the
11	management of the establishment proposed to be licensed.
12	(iii) Did not have a good record of compliance with this Act or
13	any rule of the Commission adopted pursuant thereto.
14	(iv) Is not the legitimate owner of the business proposed to be
15	licensed, or other persons have ownership interests in the business which
16	have not been disclosed.
17	(v) Is unable to understand the laws of Commonwealth relating to
18	marijuana or the rules of the Commission.
19	(vi) Has a demonstrated history of changing the ownership or name
20	of a prior business so as to avoid fines, penalties, payment of judgments,
21	or applications for renewal.
22	(vii) Is determined to be unsuitable for licensure based on any
23	rationale the Commission, or any other regulatory body, determines
24	provided that determination is reasonable, articulable, non-discriminatory,
25	and subject to review.
26	(c) Notwithstanding subparagraph (b) of this section, in determining whether the
27	Commission may refuse to license an applicant, the Commission may not consider the
28	prior conviction of the applicant or any owner, director, officer, manager, employee,
29	agent, or other representative of the applicant for:

1	(1) The manufacture of marijuana, if:
2	(i) The date of the conviction is more than ten years before the date
3	of the application; and
4	(ii) The person has not been convicted more than once for the
5	manufacture or delivery of marijuana;
6	(2) The delivery of marijuana to a person 21 years of age or older, if:
7	(i) The date of the conviction is more than ten years before the date
8	of the application; and
9	(ii) The person has not been convicted more than once for the
10	manufacture or delivery of marijuana; or
11	(3) The possession of marijuana.
12	Section 138. Grounds for Cancellation or Suspension of License.
13	The Commission may cancel or suspend any license issued under this Act, if the
14	Commission finds or has reasonable ground to believe any of the following to be true:
15	(a) That the licensee:
16	(1) Has violated any provision of this Act or any rule of the
17	Commission adopted pursuant thereto.
18	(2) Has made any false representation or statement to the
19	Commission in order to induce or prevent action by the Commission.
20	(3) Has maintained an unsafe or insanitary establishment.
21	(4) Is insolvent or incompetent or physically unable to carry on the
22	management of the establishment of the licensee.
23	(5) Has misrepresented to a customer or the public any marijuana
24	items sold by the licensee.
25	(6) Since the granting of the license, has been convicted of a
26	felony, of violating any of the marijuana laws of this Commonwealth,
27	general or local, or of any misdemeanor or violation of any municipal
28	ordinance committed on the licensed premises.
29	(b) That there is any other reason that, in the opinion of the Commission,

1	based on public convenience or necessity, warrants canceling or suspending such
2	license.
3	Section 139. Administration by the Commission.
4	The Commission shall administer this Act, and shall prescribe forms and make
5	such rules and regulations as it deems necessary to enforce this Act.
6	Section 140. Statements by Marijuana Producers as to Quantities Sold.
7	On or before the 20th day of each month, every marijuana producer shall file with
8	the Commission a statement of the quantities of marijuana flowers, marijuana leaves, and
9	immature marijuana plants sold by the marijuana producer during the preceding calendar
10	month. Given the difficulty in communication, the reporting requirement may be altered
11	by regulation for islands north of Saipan.
12	Section 141. Estimate by the Commission When Statement not Filed or
13	False Statement Filed.
14	If any marijuana producer fails, neglects or refuses to file a statement required by
15	Section 140 of this Act or files a false statement, the Commission shall estimate the
16	quantities of marijuana flowers, marijuana leaves, and immature marijuana plants sold by
17	the marijuana producer thereon. The marijuana producer shall be estopped from
18	complaining of the quantities so estimated.
19	Section 142. Records to be Kept by Marijuana Producers.
20	Every marijuana producer shall keep a complete and accurate record of all sales
21	of marijuana flowers, marijuana leaves, and immature marijuana plants, and a complete
22	and accurate record of the number of ounces of marijuana flowers produced, the number
23	of ounces of marijuana leaves produced, the number of immature marijuana plants
24	produced, and the dates of production. The records shall be in such form and contain such
25	other information as the Commission may prescribe.
26	Section 143. Inspection of Marijuana Producers' Records; Records to be
27	Kept for Prescribed Period.
28	(a) The Commission may, at any time, examine the books and records of any
29	marijuana producer, and may appoint auditors, investigators and other employees that the

1	Commission considers necessary to enforce its powers and perform its duties under this
2	Act.
3	(b) Every marijuana producer shall maintain and keep for two years all records,
4	books and accounts required by this Act and shall provide copies of those records, books
5	and accounts to the Commission when requested by the Commission.
6	Section 144. Failure to Maintain Records.
7	(a) No marijuana producer shall falsify the Statement required by Section 140 of
8	this Act.
9	(b) No person shall:
10	(1) Refuse to permit the Commission or any of its representatives to make
11	an inspection of the books and records authorized by this Act;
12	(2) Fail to keep books of account prescribed by the Commission or
13	required by this Act;
14	(3) Fail to preserve the books for five years for inspection of the
15	Commission; or
16	(4) Alter, cancel or obliterate entries in the books of account for the
17	purpose of falsifying any record required by this Act to be made, maintained or
18	preserved.
19	Section 145. Importing and Exporting Marijuana Prohibited.
20	(a) Marijuana items may not be imported into this Commonwealth or exported
21	from this Commonwealth by any licensee or licensee representative unless permitted by
22	the Commission. The Commission may not pass a regulation permitting the importation
23	or exportation of Marijuana Items unless the Attorney General certifies to the
24	Commission that the importation and exportation of marijuana items will not violate
25	federal law.
26	(b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is:
27	(1) Punishable by up to five years imprisonment and a fine of up to \$5,000
28	if the importation or exportation is for consideration; or
29	(2) Punishable by up to one year imprisonment and a fine of up to \$5,000

1	if the importation or exportation is not for consideration.
2	Section 146. Marijuana may not be Given as a Prize.
3	Marijuana items may not be given as a prize, premium or consideration for a
4	lottery, contest, game of chance or skill, or competition of any kind.
5	Section 147. Providing Marijuana to Intoxicated Person; Allowing
6	Consumption by Minor on Property.
7	(a) A person may not sell, give or otherwise make available any marijuana items
8	to any person who is visibly intoxicated.
9	(b) (1) A person who exercises control over private real property may not
10	knowingly allow any other person under the age of 21 years to consume
11	marijuana items on the property, or allow any other person under the age of 21
12	years to remain on the property if the person under the age of 21 years consumes
13	marijuana items on the property.
14	(2) This subsection:
15	(i) Applies only to a person who is present and in control of the
16	location at the time the consumption occurs; and
17	(ii) Does not apply to the owner of rental property, or the agent of
18	an owner of rental property, unless the consumption occurs in the
19	individual unit in which the owner or agent resides.
20	(iii) Does not apply if the person under the age of 21 has a valid
21	recommendation for marijuana issued by a doctor licensed in the Northern
22	Mariana Islands, or by a country of origin for the non-CNMI resident
23	patient.
24	Section 148. Misrepresentation by Licensee and Others; Maintenance of
25	Disorderly Conduct.
26	(a) No person shall make false representations or Statements to the Commission
27	in order to induce or prevent action by the Commission.
28	(b) No licensee of the Commission shall maintain a noisy, lewd, disorderly or
29	insanitary establishment or supply impure or otherwise deleterious marijuana items.

2 public any marijuana items. 3 Section 149. Attempted Purchase of Marijuana by Person Under 21; Entry 4 of Licensed Premises by Person Under 21. 5 (a) A person under 21 years of age may not attempt to purchase marijuana items. 6 (b) Except as authorized by rule or as necessitated in an emergency, a person 7 under 21 years of age may not enter or attempt to enter any portion of a licensed premises 8 that is posted or otherwise identified as being prohibited to the use of minors. 9 (c) A person who violates subsection (a) or (b) of this section commits a violation 10 punishable by a fine of up to \$250. 11 (d) In addition to and not in lieu of any other penalty established by law, a person 12 under 21 years of age who violates subsection (a) of this section through 13 misrepresentation of age may be required to perform community service and the court 14 shall order that the person's driving privileges and right to apply for driving privileges be 15 suspended for a period not to exceed one year. If a court has issued an order suspending 16 driving privileges under this section, the court, upon petition of the person, may withdraw 17 the order at any time the court deems appropriate. 18 (e) If a person cited under this section is at least 13 years of age but less than 21 19 years of age at the time the person is found in default for failure to appear, in addition to 20 and not in lieu of any other penalty, the court shall issue notice to the Department of 21 Motor Vehicles to suspend the person's driving privileges for no less than six months and 22 no more than one year. 23 (f) The prohibitions of this section do not apply to a person under 21 years of age 24 who is acting under the direction of the Commission or under the direction of 25 Commonwealth or local law enforcement agencies for the purpose of investigating 26 possible violations of laws prohibiting sales of marijuana items to persons who are under 27 21 years of age. 28 (g) The prohibitions of this section do not apply to a person under 21 years of age

(c) No licensee of the Commission shall misrepresent to a customer or to the

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who has a valid recommendation for marijuana issued by a doctor licensed in the

1 Northern Mariana Islands, or by a country of origin for the non-CNMI resident patient.

Section 150. Compliance with Standards.

- (a) No marijuana items shall be sold or offered for sale within this Commonwealth unless such marijuana items comply with the minimum standards fixed pursuant to law.
- (b) The Commission may require a marijuana producer, marijuana processor, or marijuana wholesaler to provide a laboratory analysis demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Commission that particular marijuana items comply with the minimum standards in this Commonwealth. The Commission may also require marijuana retailers and marijuana lounges to provide laboratory analysis of marijuana items for inspection and investigatory purposes. The Commission may also gather random samples of marijuana items from marijuana establishments for inspection and investigatory purposes.
- (c) No marijuana items offered for sale within this Commonwealth may be altered or tampered with in any way by any person not licensed to do so by the Commission.
- (d) The Commission may prohibit the sale of any marijuana items for a reasonable period of time while it is determining whether the marijuana items comply with minimum standards in this Commonwealth.
- (e) The Commission shall by regulation prohibit the sale of any marijuana items during elections.

Section 151. Use of Misleading Mark or Label on Container; Injurious or Adulterated Ingredients; and Labeling Requirements.

(a) No licensee shall use or allow the use of any mark or label on the container of any marijuana items which are kept for sale, if the container does not precisely and clearly indicate the nature of its contents or in any way might deceive any customer as to the nature, composition, quantity, age or quality of such marijuana items. Marijuana items that have been tested and satisfactorily complied with the minimum standards set forth by the Commission shall bear a label that reads: "CERTIFIED"; and whereas, in the absence of a marijuana testing facility or in the absence of testing a marijuana item, marijuana establishments are required to mark or label the marijuana item with a

1	disclaimer that clearly reads: "UNTESTED PRODUCT". All marijuana items which are
2	kept for sale shall bear a label that reads: "This product has not been evaluated by the
3	FDA."
4	(b) The Commission may prohibit any licensee from selling any brand of
5	marijuana items which in its judgment is deceptively labeled or branded as to content, or
6	contains injurious or adulterated ingredients.
7	(c) The Commission must, by regulation, specify and require marijuana
8	establishments to comply with labeling standards and container standards when selling or
9	distributing marijuana, marijuana extracts, or marijuana products at a marijuana
0	establishment. Furthermore, the Commission may require the delivery of educational
1	materials to consumers who purchase marijuana products. Marijuana products' labels and
2	containers must include the following:
3	(1) The length of time it typically takes for a product to take effect;
4	(2) The amount of marijuana the product is considered the equivalent to;
5	(3) Ingredients and possible allergens;
6	(4) A nutritional fact panel;
7	(5) Opaque, child resistant packaging, which must be designed or
8	constructed to be significantly difficult for children under five years of age to
9	open and not difficult for normal adults to use properly as defined by 16 C.F.R.
0.0	1700.20 (1995); and
21	(6) Marijuana products must be clearly identifiable, when practicable, with
22	a standard symbol indicating that it contains marijuana; and
23	(7) The Commission shall define the amount of delta-9
24	tetrahydrocannabinol that constitutes a single serving in a marijuana product and
25	the marijuana product must clearly indicate the number of servings in the
26	container.
27	Section 152. Minimum Age Requirement.
28	(a) A licensee may not employ any person under 21 years of age in any part of

any licensed premises.

(b) During any inspection of a needsed prefinses, the Commission may require
proof that a person performing work at the premises is 21 years of age or older. If the
person does not provide the Commission with acceptable proof of age upon request, the
Commission may require the person to immediately cease any activity and leave the
premises until the Commission receives acceptable proof of age. This subsection does not
apply to a person temporarily at the premises to make a service, maintenance or repair
call or for other purposes independent of the premises operations.
(c) If a person performing work has not provided proof of age requested by the
Commission under subsection (b) of this section, the Commission may request that the
licensee provide proof that the person is 21 years of age or older. Failure of the licensee
to respond to a request made under this subsection by providing acceptable proof of age
for a person is prima facie evidence that the licensee has allowed the person to perform
work at the licensed premises in violation of the minimum age requirement.
Section 153. Mature Marijuana Plants.
(a) Except for licensed marijuana producers and their licensee representatives, no
licensee may possess a mature marijuana plant.
(b) No licensee may sell a mature marijuana plant.
Section 154. Use of Marijuana in Public Place Prohibited.
(a) It is unlawful for any person to engage in the use of marijuana items in a
public place or in the presence of a minor.
(b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is punishable by a fine of \$250.
(c) Marijuana Free Zones. It is unlawful for any person who does not possess a
valid recommendation for marijuana issued by a physician in the Commonwealth to
engage in the use of marijuana or to possess marijuana in any of the following locations:
(1) Any government building;
(i) This provision will not be applicable to any government entity
acting to carry out its duties under the law;
(2) Any school or school property, whether public or private;
(2) The Northern Marianas College or any property of the Northern

1	Marianas College, except that the Northern Marianas College may permit the
2	possession or use of marijuana on its premises for purposes of research;
3	(4) Any business establishment licensed to serve alcohol;
4	(d) An individual possessing marijuana in accordance with subsection (c) may not
5	possess more than 3.5 grams of marijuana;
6	(e) A violation of subsection (c) of this section is punishable by a fine of \$500.
7	(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the Commission may issue a permit
8	allowing the temporary use of marijuana items to be displayed, possessed, sold,
9	purchased, used and/or consumed in a public or private place for a special event pursuant
10	to the provisions of this Act.
11	(1) If the permit is for the temporary use of marijuana items to be
12	displayed, possessed, sold, purchased, used and/or consumed in a public or
13	private place for a special event, then the permit will only be issued for the use of
14	marijuana items by authorization of the premise owner, landlord or operator and
15	the permit applicant must describe the date, time and place that marijuana items
16	may be displayed, possessed, sold, purchased, used and/or consumed on the
17	premises; and
18	(2) If the permit is issued for a special event, then the Commission may
19	issue a permit for the displaying, possessing, selling, purchasing, using and/or
20	consuming of marijuana items by individuals, businesses, and others on the
21	premises of the event.
22	(3) The Commission may not issue a permit under this Section for a period
23	greater than ninety (90) days. The Commission must provide a public notice
24	thirty (30) days prior to granting a permit under this Section.
25	(4) The Commission may charge a reasonable fee and require any
26	condition that it deems reasonable or necessary for the issuance of a permit.
27	Section 155. Possession of Marijuana in Correctional Facility Prohibited.
28	(a) It is unlawful for any person to possess or engage in the use of marijuana
29	items in a correctional facility.

1	(b) A violation of subsection (a) of this section is punishable by up to five years
2	imprisonment and a fine of up to \$5,000.
3	Section 156. Unlawful Marijuana Extraction; Penalties.
4	(a) No person, other than a licensed marijuana processor complying with this act
5	and the Commission regulations, may perform solvent-based extractions on marijuana
6	using solvents other than water or vegetable glycerin.
7	(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable by up to
8	three years in prison and a fine of up to \$5,000.
9	Section 157. Marijuana Laws Supersede and Repeal Inconsistent CNMI
10	Laws.
11	This Act, designed to operate uniformly throughout the Commonwealth, shall be
12	paramount and superior to and shall fully replace and supersede any and all CNMI laws
13	inconsistent with it. Such laws are repealed.
14	Section 158. Authority of Local Legislative Delegations.
15	(a) Local Legislative Delegations may adopt reasonable time, place and manner
16	regulations of the nuisance aspects of establishments that sell marijuana to consumers.
17	(b) The authority granted to Local Legislative Delegations by this section is in
18	addition to, and not in lieu of, the authority granted by Commonwealth law and the
19	Constitution of this Commonwealth.
20	Section 159. Duty of Law Enforcement to Enforce and Inform the Attorney
21	General.
22	The Department of Public Safety and all law enforcement officers within the
23	Commonwealth shall enforce this Act and assist the Commission in detecting violations
24	of this Act and apprehending offenders. Each such enforcing officer having notice,
25	knowledge or reasonable ground of suspicion of any violation of this Act shall
26	immediately notify the Department of Public Safety, the Commission, and the Office of
27	the Attorney General.
28	Section 160. Confiscation of Marijuana and Property.

(a) Whenever any officer arrests any person for violation of this Act, the officer

may take into possession all marijuana items, and other property which the person so arrested has in possession, or on the premises, which is apparently being used in violation of sections of this Act.

- (b) If the person so arrested is convicted, and it is found that the marijuana items, and other property has been used in violation of Commonwealth law:
 - (1) The marijuana items shall be forfeited to an appropriate Commonwealth or local law enforcement agency, and shall be delivered by the court or officer to the law enforcement agency; and
 - (2) Subject to other applicable law, the other property shall be forfeited to the Commission, and shall be delivered by the court or officer to the Commission.
- (c) The Commission is authorized to destroy or make such other disposition of any property it receives under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this section as it considers to be in the public interest. In any such case, all such property, including lockers, chairs, tables, cash registers, music devices, gambling devices, furniture, furnishings, equipment and facilities for the storing, serving or using of marijuana items shall be confiscated and forfeited to the Commonwealth, and the clear proceeds shall be deposited with the General Fund.

Section 161. Duty to Notify the Commission of Conviction of Licensee.

The CNMI Superior Court and the Attorney General, immediately upon the conviction of any licensee of the Commission of a violation of any provision of this Act or the violation of any other law of this Commonwealth or local law of any municipality therein, in which violation marijuana had any part, shall notify the Commission thereof. The Attorney General or any law agency shall notify the Commission of any acts, practices or other conduct of any such licensee which may be subversive of the general welfare or contrary to the spirit of this Act and shall recommend such action necessary to revoke the license of the licensee.

Section 162. Property and Places as Common Nuisances.

Any room, house, building, boat, structure or place of any kind where marijuana items are sold, manufactured, bartered or given away in violation of Commonwealth law,

- or where persons are permitted to resort for the purpose of using marijuana items in
- 2 violation of Commonwealth law, or any place where marijuana items are kept for sale,
- 3 barter or gift in violation of Commonwealth law, and all marijuana items or property
- 4 subject to confiscation under this Act kept and used in such place is a common nuisance.
- 5 Any person who maintains or assists in maintaining such common nuisance or knowingly
- 6 suffers or permits such nuisance to exist in any place of which the person is the owner,
- 7 manager or lessor, shall be guilty of a violation of this Act.

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Section 163. Lien on Place used to Unlawfully Handle Marijuana.

If it is proved that the owner of any building or premises knowingly has suffered the same to be used or occupied for the manufacture, sale or possession of marijuana items, contrary to the provisions of this Act, such building or premises are subject to a lien for, and may be sold to pay all fines and costs assessed against their occupants for any violation of this Act. The lien shall be enforced immediately by civil action in any court having jurisdiction, by the Attorney General.

Section 164. Governor Authorized to Suspend License.

In case of invasion, disaster, insurrection, riot, or imminent danger thereof, the Governor may, for the duration of such invasion, disaster, insurrection, riot, or imminent danger thereof, immediately suspend without notice any license in the Commonwealth granted under this Act.

Section 165. Penalties.

- (a) Except where other punishment is specifically provided for in sections of this Act, violation of any provision of this Act is punishable by up to one (1) year imprisonment and a fine of up to \$2,500.00.
- (b) Violation of any regulation promulgated pursuant to this Act is punishable by up to one (1) year imprisonment and a fine of up to \$2,500.00.

Section 166. Use of Marijuana While Driving; Penalty.

(a) A person commits the offense of use of marijuana items while driving if the person uses any marijuana items while driving a motor vehicle upon a highway or operating a boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for transportation.

- (b) The offense described in this section, use of marijuana items while driving, may be fined of up to \$500, or have his or her driver's license suspended for up to six months, or both, for the first violation.
- (c) Any person found in violation of this section may be fined not more than \$1,000 or have his or her driver's license suspended for up to one year, or both for each second or subsequent violation.
- (d) A prosecution for using marijuana items while driving a motor vehicle does not preclude a prosecution for driving under the influence of marijuana items while driving a motor vehicle.

Section 167. Unlawful Manufacture of Marijuana.

- (a) Except for licensees and licensee representatives, and except for a person acting within the scope of and in compliance with Section 106(a) of this Act, it is unlawful for any person to manufacture marijuana.
- (b) Unlawful manufacture of marijuana is punishable by a fine of up to \$500, if a person 21 years of age or older manufactures marijuana at a household for noncommercial purposes or at a cultivation site and the total number of marijuana plants exceeds twelve (12) mature marijuana plants but does not exceed fifteen mature marijuana plants. If a person has a previous conviction for violation of this section, then unlawful manufacture of marijuana punishable by this subsection is punishable by imprisonment up to six (6) months and a fine of up to \$1,000.
- (c) Unlawful manufacture of marijuana is punishable by up to five (5) years imprisonment and a fine of up to \$5,000, if a person 21 years of age or older manufactures marijuana at a household for noncommercial purposes or at a cultivation site and the total number of homegrown marijuana plants is more than fifteen and less than fifty.
- (d) Unlawful manufacture of marijuana is punishable by ten (10) years imprisonment and a fine of up to \$10,000, if a person 21 years of age or older manufactures marijuana at a household for noncommercial purposes or at a cultivation site and the total number of homegrown marijuana plans is fifty or more.

1	(e) As used in this section, the term "household" has the meaning given to them
2	in this Act.
3	Section 168. Unlawful Delivery of Marijuana.
4	(a) Except for licensees and licensee representatives as defined in this Act, and
5	except for a person acting within the scope of and in compliance with Section 106(a) of
6	this Act, it is unlawful for any person to deliver marijuana.
7	(b) Unlawful delivery of marijuana is a:
8	(1) Punishable by up to one (1) year imprisonment and a fine of up to
9	\$5,000 if the delivery is for consideration.
10	(2) Punishable by up to six (6) months imprisonment and a fine of up to
11	\$1,000 if the delivery is for no consideration.
12	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, unlawful delivery of marijuana
13	is punishable by a fine of \$500 if the delivery is for no consideration and consists of less
14	than one avoirdupois ounce of the dried leaves, stems and flowers of the plant Cannabis
15	family Moraceae.
16	(d) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c) of this section, unlawful delivery of
17	marijuana is a:
18	(1) Punishable by up to five (5) years imprisonment and a fine of up to
19	\$5,000 if the delivery is to a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is at
20	least 18 years of age and is at least three years older than the person to whom the
21	marijuana is delivered and the defendant was previously convicted of any crime
22	involving the sale or delivery of marijuana to a person under 18 years of age; or
23	(2) Punishable by up to one (1) year imprisonment and a fine of up to
24	\$5,000 if the delivery is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is at
25	least 18 years of age and is at least three years older than the person to whom the
26	marijuana is delivered; or
27	(3) Punishable by up to six (6) months imprisonment and a fine of up to
28	\$1,000 if the delivery:
20	(i) Is for consideration:

1	(ii) Consists of more than four ounces of the dried leaves, stems
2	and flowers of the plant Cannabis family Moraceae; and
3	(iii) Is to a person who is 18 years of age or older, but less than 21
4	years of age unless the person has a valid doctor's recommendation for the
5	use of marijuana for medicinal purposes.
6	(4) Punishable by up to thirty (30) days imprisonment and a fine of up to
7	\$500 if the delivery:
8	(i) Is for no consideration;
9	(ii) Consists of less than five grams of the dried leaves, stems and
10	flowers of the plant Cannabis family Moraceae; and
11	(iii) Is to a person who is 18 years of age or older.
12	Section 169. Unlawful Possession of Marijiuana.
13	(a) It is unlawful for any person under 21 years of age knowingly or intentionally
14	to possess marijuana or marijuana product unless the person has a valid recommendation
15	for marijuana issued by a doctor licensed in the Northern Mariana Islands, or by a
16	country of origin for the non-CNMI resident patient.
17	(b) Any person under 21 years of age may be penalized as follows:
18	(1) Any person who possesses more than four ounce but less than 5 ounces
19	shall be fined not more than \$50.
20	(2) Any person possessing more than five ounces but less than 2.2 pounds
21	may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than three months, a fine
22	of not more than \$500, or both.
23	(3) Any person possessing 2.2 pounds or more of marijuana may be
24	sentenced to a term of not more than one year, a fine of not more than \$1,000, or
25	both.
26	(c) Except for licensees and licensee representatives, it is unlawful for any person
27	21 years of age or older knowingly or intentionally to possess:
28	(1) More than four ounces of marijuana in a public place.
29	(2) More than Sixteen ounces of solid marijuana products allowed in a

1	public place.
2	(3) More than 72 ounces of liquid marijuana products in a public place.
3	(4) More than 10 grams of marijuana extracts in a public place.
4	(d) A violation of subsection (c) of this section is:
5	(1) Punishable by up to five (5) years imprisonment and a fine of up to
6	\$5,000.00, if the amount possessed is more than four times the applicable
7	maximum amount specified in subsection (c) of this section; or
8	(2) Punishable by up to one (1) year imprisonment and a fine of up to
9	\$2,500.00, if the amount possessed is more than two times, but not more than four
10	times, the applicable maximum amount specified in subsection (c) of this section
11	or
12	(3) Punishable by up to thirty (30) days imprisonment and a fine of up to
13	\$1,250.00, if the amount possessed is not more than two times the applicable
14	maximum amount specified in subsection (c) of this section.
15	Section 170. Marijuana Tax and Fees.
16	(a) The Northern Marianas Commonwealth Legislature (Legislature) shall enact
17	taxes and fees to be levied upon marijuana items sold or otherwise transferred by a
18	marijuana producer to a marijuana processor or to a marijuana wholesaler or retailer prior
19	to July 1, 2019 and at a rate to be determined by the Legislature thereafter, and shall
20	direct the Department of Finance to establish procedures for the collection of all taxes
21	levied.
22	(b) The Legislature shall enact a marijuana excise tax to be levied and collected
23	equal to a percentage of the selling price on each retail sale in the Commonwealth of
24	marijuana items. This tax is the obligation of the licensed marijuana retailer, and is
25	separate and in addition to general Commonwealth and local taxes that apply to retail
26	sales of tangible personal property, and is part of the total retail price to which general
27	Commonwealth and local taxes apply.
28	(c) Any marijuana item subject to tax under this section may be exempted from
29	such tax if such marijuana item or product is purchased by a person with a valid

1 identification and a medical form or any documentation validating the person as a 2 medical marijuana patient.

Section 171. Local Control.

- (a) Local Legislative Delegations, in accordance with 1 CMC §§ 1401-1409, may enact marijuana regulation laws, as provided by this Section, pertaining exclusively to matters within their respective senatorial district.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, Local Legislative Delegations may prohibit the operation of marijuana establishments through enactment of a local law enacted by the members from the respective senatorial districts; provided that any local law enacted to prohibit the operation of marijuana establishments in any senatorial district must appear on a general election ballot and be approved by the people of the respective senatorial district. Upon approval of the local law by a simple majority of the voters in the election, the local law will immediately become law. If disapproved, the local law will be void and shall not become law.
- (c) Local Legislative Delegations may enact local laws not in conflict with this Act or with regulations enacted pursuant to this Act, governing the time, place, manner, and number of marijuana establishments. The Local Legislative Delegation may establish civil penalties for violation of a local law governing the time, place, and manner of a marijuana establishment that may operate in such senatorial district.
- (d) Local Legislative Delegations may designate a local regulatory authority that is responsible for processing applications submitted for a registration to operate a marijuana establishment within the boundaries of such senatorial district.
- (e) Local Legislative Delegations may establish a schedule of annual operating and registration fees for marijuana establishments.

Section 172. Work Force Participation by U.S. Citizens and CNMI and U.S. Permanent Residents.

Notwithstanding 3 CMC §§ 4525 and 4526, the full-time workforce of any employer licensed to do business pursuant to this Act shall consist of 100% U.S. citizens, U.S. permanent residents, and CNMI permanent residents and their immediate relatives.

Provided that employers may hire non-citizen workforce for part-time sub-contractual 1 2 work within a licensed marijuana establishment. 3 Section 173. Interpretation. This Act is modeled on Oregon's marijuana laws. The Commonwealth Judiciary, 4 the Attorney General, the Commission, and any other government entity of the 5 6 Commonwealth may consider case precedent in Oregon to be persuasive when 7 interpreting this Act. 8 Section 174. Operative Date. 9 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, Sections 104 to 170 of this Act will 10 become operative on July 1, 2019." Section 3. Amendment. 6 CMC § 3177 is amended by adding a new subsection 11 12 (h) to read as follows: "(h) Licensed marijuana lounges to allow for on-site consumption of 13 marijuana, marijuana extracts, and marijuana products." 14 Section 4. Repealer. The following statutes are repealed and the remaining 15 sections shall be renumbered accordingly: 16 6 CMC § 2114(c)(13); 17 "(a) 18 (b) 6 CMC § 2141(c); and 6 CMC § 2142(c)." 19 (c) Section 5. Severability. If any provision of this Act or the application of any 20 21 such provision to any person or circumstance should be held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Act or the application of its provisions to 22 persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid shall not be affected 23 24 thereby. Section 6. Savings Clause. This Act and any repealer contained herein shall not 25 be construed as affecting any existing right acquired under contract or acquired under 26 statutes repealed or under any rule, regulation, or order adopted under the statutes. 27 Repealers contained in this Act shall not affect any proceeding instituted under or 28 pursuant to prior law. The enactment of the Act shall not have the effect of terminating, 29

- 1 or in any way modifying, any liability, civil or criminal, which shall already be in
- 2 existence on the date this Act becomes effective.
- 3 Section 7. Effective Date. This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the
- 4 Governor or becoming law without such approval.

Date: 08/03/2017

Senate Legal Counsel

Introduced By:

Sen. Sixto K. Igromar

Reviewed for Legal Sufficiency by: